

SHAILENDRA GOEL & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Members of M/s Plaza Wires Private Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Plaza Wires Private Limited which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31stMarch, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2020 and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibility of Management's for the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Director's. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities, selection and application of appropriate accounting policies, making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide abasis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls
 system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:



- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31stMarch 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31stMarch 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" and
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Shailendra Goel & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No:013670N

Shailendra Goel

Partner

Membership No: 092862

UDIN No .: - 20092862AAAAAB7879

Place: New Delhi Date: 16/12/2020 Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report (Referred to in our report of even date) on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2020

i.

- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of fixed assets.
- (b) The fixed assets have been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification of the fixed assets is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of an examination of records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties, as disclosed in Note No. 9 on fixed assets to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
- ii. The management has conducted physical verification of inventory of finished goods, stores and raw materials at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- iii. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- iv. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of making investments However, the Company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees and securities.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public as mentioned in the provisions of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and the rules framed there under.
- vi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is required to maintain cost records which has been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, We have broadly reviewed such cost records maintained by the company and are of the opinion that prima-facie, the prescribed records have been maintained, however we have not made a detailed examination of such records to ascertain whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii.(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, Goods & Service Tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, cess and other applicable material undisputed statutory dues have generally been deposited regularly during the year with the appropriate authorities and there are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues as at the last day of the financial year concerned, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, or other applicable material statutory dues which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2020 on account of any dispute.
- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to banks. However there were no amounts outstanding to financial institutions and debenture holders as at the balance sheet date.
- ix. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer, further public offer, debt instruments. The company has applied money raised by way of term loans for the purposes for which these were raised.

- x. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi. The company is a private limited company therefore the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the Companies Act are not applicable. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the Order is not applicable
- xii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company as prescribed under Section 406 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment (except as mentioned in Note 3) or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company

For Shailendra Goel & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No:013670N

Shailendra Goel

Partner

Membership No: 092862

UDIN No .: - 20092862AAAAAB7879

Place: New Delhi Date: 16/12/2020



ANNEXURE – "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF PLAZA WIRES PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Plaza wires Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the" Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, and the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that



the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Shailendra Goel & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No:013670N

Shallendra Goel

Partner

Membership No: 092862

UDIN No.:-20092862AAAAAB7879

Place: New Delhi Date: 16/12/2020



(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars		As at 31st March, 2020	(Amount in Rs.) As at 31 March, 2019	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Shareholders' funds				
Share capital	3	3,81,89,900	3,81,78,900	
Reserves and surplus	4	31,82,21,106	27,79,67,918	
		35,64,11,006	31,61,46,818	
Non-current liabilities				
Long-term borrowings	5	4,96,27,401	6,30,09,419	
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	6	78,33,048	71,09,063	
Other long-term liabilities	7	72,66,000	1,07,58,000	
Long-term provisions	8	55,72,999	44,48,957	
		7,02,99,448	8,53,25,439	
Current liabilities				
Short-term borrowings	9	30,17,64,794	24,03,00,810	
Trade payables	10			
Due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises		_	-	
Due to other		9,32,98,505	18,53,62,643	
Other current liabilities	11	5,65,96,653	5,34,16,192	
Short-term provisions	12	1,51,69,587	2,24,22,991	
		46,68,29,539	50,15,02,636	
Total		89,35,39,994	90,29,74,893	
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Property, Plant & Equipment	13	19,64,10,732	19,20,75,339	
Intangible assets		23,53,306	25,60,710	
Long-term loans and advances	14	35,47,620	35,05,118	
Current assets		20,23,11,658	19,81,41,167	
Inventories	15	29,17,47,303	21,08,55,618	
Trade receivables	16	30,74,07,294	43,22,10,499	
Cash and cash equivalents	17	1,06,86,672	69,37,956	
Short-term loans and advances	18	8,10,78,160	5,46,30,693	
Other current assets	19	3,08,908 69,12,28,336	1,98,960 70,48,33,726	
		03,12,20,330	70,40,33,720	
Total		89,35,39,994	90,29,74,893	
Notes forming part of the financial statements	1-35			

As per our report of even date attached For Shailendra Goel & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 013670N

Shailendra Goel

Partner

M.No. 092862

UDIN NO.-20092862AAAAAB7879

Date: 16/12/2020 Place: Delhi

For Plaza Wires Private Limited

Abhishek Gupta

Director

Sanjay Gupta

DIN No.: 00202273

Director

Ajay Batla Chief Financial Officer

DIN No.:06486995

Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended 31st March, 2020

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Note	For the period ended	For the year ended	
Farticulars	Note			
		31st March, 2020	31 March, 2019	
Income				
Revenue from operations	20	1,65,97,34,357	1,62,73,36,047	
Less: Trade Discount		6,83,10,956	4,99,39,997	
		1,59,14,23,401	1,57,73,96,050	
Other income	21	19,61,696	46,72,081	
	Total	1,59,33,85,097	1,58,20,68,131	
-				
Expenses Cost of Material Consumed	22	1 25 55 00 050	4 22 25 22 24 24	
	22	1,25,56,90,868	1,23,25,08,618	
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade	23	(4,52,09,941)	(5,16,84,016	
Employee Benefits Expense	24	9,81,17,111	9,93,79,744	
Finance costs	25	4,04,78,215	3,75,15,495	
Depreciation and amortisation expense	13	1,02,85,405	1,00,87,693	
Other expenses	26	17,93,40,338	17,17,87,221	
	Total	1,53,87,01,996	1,49,95,94,755	
		2,00,07,02,000	2,13,33,31,733	
Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax		5,46,83,101	8,24,73,376	
Exceptional items			-	
Profit before extraordinary items and tax		5,46,83,101	8,24,73,376	
Extraordinary items		-	_	
Profit before tax		5,46,83,101	8,24,73,376	
Tax expense / (benefit):				
Current tax expense		1,37,05,927	1,26,48,381	
Deferred tax		7,23,985	2,69,385	
Profit after Tax		4,02,53,188	6,95,55,610	
Earnings per share of Rs. 10/- each (Previous Year Rs.100/-each)				
(a) Basic		10.54	182.18	
(b) Diluted		10.54	182.18	
Notes forming part of the financial statements	1-35			

As per our report of even date attached

For Shailendra Goel & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 013670N

Shailendra Goel

Partner

M.No. 092862

UDIN NO.-20092862AAAAAB7879

Date: 16/12/2020 Place: Delhi For Plaza Wires Private Limited

Sanjay Gupta

Director

DIN No.: 00202273

Abhishek Gupta

Director

DIN No.:06486995

Chief Financial Officer

Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note	Particulars
1	Corporate information
	Plaza Wires Private Limited was incorporated on 23 June, 2006 under the Companies Act, 1956 having its registered office at A-74, Okhla Industrial Area Phase-2, Delhi-110020. The Company is engaged in manufacturing and trading of electrical wire and allied products
2 2.1	Significant accounting policies Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements
	The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on going concern basis in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.
2.2	Use of estimates
	The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.
2.3	Inventories
	Inventories are valued at the lower of cost on FIFO basis and the net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary. Cost includes all charges in bringing the goods to the point of sale, including octroi and other levies, transit insurance and receiving charges, if these cost increases value of inventories.
2.4	Cash and cash equivalents
	Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
2.5	Revenue recognition
al.	Sale of goods Sales are recognised, net of returns and trade discounts, on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer, which generally coincides with the delivery of goods to customers.
2.6	Other income



Interest, Rental and other Miscellaneous income is accounted on accrual basis.

Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note		Particulars
2.7	Property Plant & Equipment	
	losses, if any. The cost comprises attributable cost of bringing the property plant & equipment with	stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation/ amortization and impairment the purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met and directly asset to its working conditions for the intended use. Each part of an item of a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated components for machinery. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in
	increases the future benefits from other expenses on existing proper	to an item of property plant & equipment is added to its book value only if it in the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All try plant & equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year during which such
		recognition of property plant & equipment are measured as the difference is and the carrying amount of asset and are recognized in the statement of profit gnized.
2.8	Depreciation and amortisation	
	is materially different from that of	mines cost of asset significant to the total cost of the asset having useful life that f the remaining life. Depreciation on property plant & equipment is calculated on a sarrived at based on useful lives of the assets considering the guidelines of Part Act, 2013.
	Following are useful lives for each	asset category:
	Asset Category Furniture & Fitting Vehicles	Useful Life (in years) 10 Years 8 Years
=	Office Equipments	5 Years
	Computers	3 Years
	Building	60 Years
2.9	Investments	
- 1	value of such investments. Curren	d individually at cost less provision for diminution, other than temporary, in the tinvestments are carried individually, at the lower of cost and fair value. Cost of larges such as brokerage, fees and duties.



Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note Particulars 2.10 Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Company's contribution to provident fund and employee state insurance scheme are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

Retirement Benefit Plan

The company operates a defined benefit plan for its employees, viz., gratuity. The cost of providing benefits under this plan is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation at each year-end using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses for the said defined benefit plan are recognized in full in the period in which they occur in the statement of profit and loss.

2.11 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as a part of the cost of that asset subject to the provisions of impairment of the assets and other borrowing cost are recognized as an expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

2.12 Segment Reporting

The Company has identified Manufacturing of Electrical Wires and allied Items as its primary segment. As the Company's business activity falls primarily within a single primary business segment and a single geographical segment (within India), the disclosure requirements of Accounting Standard 17 - 'Segment Reporting' in this regard are not applicable.

2.13 Leases

Where the company is lessee

Finance leases, which effectively transfer to the company substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the inception of the lease term at the lower of the fair value of the leased property or present value of minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognized as finance cost in the statement of profit and loss. Lease management fees, legal charges and other initial direct cost of lease are capitalized.

A leased asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the company will obtain the ownership by the end of the lease term, the capitalized asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term.

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note Particulars

Where the company is the lessor

Leases in which the company transfers substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as finance leases. Assets given under finance lease are recognized as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. After initial recognition, the company apportions lease rentals between the principal repayment and interest income so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the finance lease. The interest income is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

Leases in which the company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Lease income on an operating lease is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs such as lease costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

2.14 | Earning per share

The basic earning per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity sharesoutstanding at the end of the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for events of bonus issue, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earning per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.15 Taxes on income

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences, being the differences between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for timing differences of items other than unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward losses only to the extent that reasonable certainty exists that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which these can be realised. However, if there are unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward of losses and items relating to capital losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realise the assets. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Company has a legally enforceable right for such set off. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for their realisability.

Current and deferred tax relating to items directly recognised in reserves are recognised in reserves and not in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note		Particulars
2.16	Impairment of assets	

In accordance with Accounting Standard 28 on 'Impairment of assets', the carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of the assets (or where applicable that of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs) is estimated at the higher of its net selling price and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses, including impairment on inventories, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

After Impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life

2.17 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits) are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Notes. Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

2.18 Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.



Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note 3 Share Capital

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020		As at 31 March, 2019	
	Number of shares	Amount(Rs.)	Number of shares	Amount(Rs.)
(a) Authorised			*	
Equity shares of Rs.10(31st March 2019 : Rs.100/-) each with voting rights	45,00,000	4,50,00,000	4,50,000	4,50,00,000
(b) Issued, Subscribed and fully paid Up				
Equity shares of Rs.10(31st March 2019 : Rs.100/-)	38,18,990	3,81,89,900	3,81,789	3,81,78,900
each with voting rights				

Refer Notes (i) to (iii) below:-

Notes:

(i) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the Year:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020		As at 31 March, 2019	
	Number of shares	Amount(Rs.)	Number of shares	Amount(Rs.)
At the Begining of the year	3,81,789	3,81,78,900	3,81,789	3,81,78,900
Add: Shares issued during the Year	110	11,000	¥	-
At the end of the year Pre Split (Face value Rs.100/-each) At the end of the year Post Split (Face value	3,81,899	3,81,89,900	3,81,789	3,81,78,900
Rs.10/-each)	38,18,990	3,81,89,900	-	-

During the financial year 2019-20 the company has sub divided its existing equity shares from every one equity share of face value of Rs.100/-(One Hundred only) each fully paid up into 10 (Ten) equity shares of face value of Rs. 10 (Ten only) each fully paid up w.e.f 16th December 2019.

(ii) Equity Shares: The Company has only one class of issued Share Capital i.e. equity shares face value of Rs. 10/- (March 31st, 2019 Rs.100/-) per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

(iii) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:

	As at 31st March, 2020		As at 31 March, 2019	
Class of shares / Name of shareholder	Number of shares held	% of holding	Number of shares held	% of holding
Equity shares with voting rights				
Sonia Gupta	22,44,950	58.78	2,24,495	58.80
Sanjay Gupta	13,33,000	34.90	1,33,300	34.91
Total	35,77,950	93.69	3,57,795	93.71

The number of shares has increased due to sub division of the shares of the company w.e.f 16th December 2019.



Note 4 Reserves and surplus

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019	
(a) Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss			
Opening balance	17,44,03,018	10,48,47,408	
Add: Profit for the year	4,02,53,188	6,95,55,610	
Closing balance	21,46,56,206	17,44,03,018	
(b) Securities premium account	1/4		
Opening balance	10,35,64,900	10,35,64,900	
Add: Premium on shares issued during the year	-	_	
Less: Utilised during the year	-	<u>-</u>	
Closing balance	10,35,64,900	10,35,64,900	
Total	31,82,21,106	27,79,67,918	

Note 5 Long-term borrowings

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
		†
(a) Term Loans from Banks		
- Secured Loans *		
Loan from banks	5,10,58,822	6,91,85,225
Less: Current maturities of long term borrowings	1,01,73,408	1,85,68,353
	4,08,85,414	5,06,16,872
- Unsecured Loans	74,46,98	75,05,047
	74,46,98	75,05,047
(b) Loans from Directors, their Relatives and Corporate		
Unsecured	12,95,000	48,87,500
	12,95,000	48,87,500
To	tal 4,96,27,401	6,30,09,419

* Secured by way of Hypothication of Respective Assets Notes

1.List of Secured Term Loan -Vehicle

- Outstanding amount of Rs.1259607 from bank repayable in 26 EMI of Rs.53106 each
- Outstanding amount of Rs.1917048 from bank repayable in 18 EMI of Rs.114291 each
- Outstanding amount of Rs.2548040 from bank repayable in 31 EMI of Rs.91265 each
- Outstanding amount of Rs.1064219 from bank repayable in 36 EMI of Rs.33639 each
- Outstanding amount of Rs. 227688 from bank repayable in 4 EMI of Rs.57941 each
- Outstanding amount of Rs.509735 from bank repayable in 43 EMI of Rs.13924 each
- Outstanding amount of Rs.563614 from bank repayable in 32 EMI of Rs.19812 each
- Outstanding amount of Rs.740988 from bank repayable in 33 EMI of Rs.25300 each
- Outstanding amount of Rs.885167 from bank repayable in 23 EMI of Rs. 41902 each

2.List of Secured Term Loan against Property Situated at A-74 Okhla Indl Area Phase-2 Delhi

- Outstanding amount of Rs.30006340 from bank repayable in 46 EMI of Rs. 652311each
- Outstanding amount of Rs. 7603434 from bank repayable in 21 EMI of Rs. 362068 each

3.Secured Term Loan against Machinery at 923/56 Village Katha, Baddi, Distt Solan, HP

- Outstanding amount of Rs.3732944 from bank repayable in 15 EMI of Rs. 250000 each



Note: 6 Deferred tax liabilities

(Amount in Rs.)

(Allibuilt III)				
Particulars	As at 31st March,	As at 31st March,		
	2020	2019		
Deferred tax liabilities	71,09,063	68,39,678		
-Unabsorbed Depreciation				
Deferred Tax Liability	2			
-Depreciation as per Co.Act, 2013	1,02,85,405	1,00,87,693		
-Depreciation as per Income Tax, 1961	1,55,15,704	1,47,26,993		
a (1778)	(52,30,299)	(46,39,300)		
Timing Difference	(13,99,105)	(12,41,013)		
Provision for Leave Encashment	13,10,346	12,94,872		
Provision for Gratuity	12,13,465	23,37,381		
Timing Difference	25,23,811	36,32,253		
Deferred Tax Assets (B)	6,75,119	9,71,628		
Amount Transferred to Profit & Loss A/c	(7,23,985)	(2,69,385)		
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	78,33,048	71,09,063		

Note 7 Other long-term liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019	
Security deposits received	72,66,000	1,07,58,000	
Total	72,66,000	1,07,58,000	

Note 8 Long-term provisions

Particulars	Particulars		As at 31 March, 2019	
Provision for employee benefits:		FF 72 000	44 49 057	
Gratuity		55,72,999	44,48,957	
	Total	55,72,999	44,48,957	



Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note 9 Short-term borrowings

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019	
Lagra yanayahla an damand		,	
Loans repayable on demand From banks			
- Secured *	30,17,64,794	24,03,00,810	
	30,17,64,794	24,03,00,810	

Note:- Details of security for the secured short-term borrowings:

Primary Security

Pari-passu charge over entire current assets both present and furture (Including entire stocks available at various Godowns, Goods in Transit & book debts) and all movable fixed assets both present and futuire of the company.

Collateral Security

Land and Building of factory measuring 15 bigha 6 Biswas situated at village katha ,Baddi ,Distt-Solan,HP and Land in the name of director sh.sanjay gupta measuring 1.3875 acres situated at Mauza - Sulatnpur,Tehsil and District Sonepat along with Personal Guarantee of directors .

Note 10 Trade payable

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019	
Trade payables:			
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	9,32,98,505	- 18,53,62,643	
Total	9,32,98,505	18,53,62,643	

Note 11 Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
(a) Current maturities of long-term borrowings (Refer Note 5)	1,01,73,408	1,85,68,353
(b) Other payables	51.00.710	25.40.000
(i) Advances from Customers	64,09,748	35,18,066
(ii) Expenses Payable (iii) Statutory Liabilities	2,29,65,587 23,62,212	1,70,99,801 67,48,104
(iv) Others	1,46,85,698	74,81,867
Total	5,65,96,653	5,34,16,192

Note 12 Short-term provisions

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019	
Provisions			
(i) Provision for Income Tax	91,27,703	1,74,96,768	
(ii) Provision for Employee Benefits	60,41,884	49,26,223	
Total	1,51,69,587	2,24,22,991	



Note No.13 Property Plant & Equipment Chart as on 31st March 2020

Assets	Gross Block						Accumulated Depreciation / Amortisation				Net Block	
	Balance as at 1st April 2019	Additions during the year	Deletion during the year	Adjustment during the Year	Balance as at 31st March 2020	Balance as at 1st April 2019	Provided During the year	Deletion during the year	Adjustment during the Year	Balance as at 31st March 2020	Balance as at 31st March 2020	Balance as at 31st March 2019
Land	7,67,62,774		-		7,67,62,774					-	7,67,62,774	7,67,62,774
Building	5,70,69,146	64,46,955	-	10,17,592	6,24,98,509	89,58,002	9,41,571	-	10,17,592	88,81,981	5,36,16,529	4,81,11,144
Office Equipment	72,75,640	24,63,903	5,040	15,27,678	82,06,825	53,32,020	11,04,801	2,890	15,27,678	49,06,253	33,00,572	19,43,620
Computer	29,24,512	5,43,346	-	21,76,893	12,90,966	27,14,410	3,63,745	-1	21,76,893	9,01,261	3,89,704	2,10,103
Furniture & Fixture	1,23,42,666	26,72,274	-	-	1,50,14,940	60,52,911	11,80,299	-	9 -	72,33,211	77,81,729	62,89,755
Vehicles	4,40,98,109	11,66,933	9,62,838	1,00,47,342	3,42,54,862	2,38,21,147	34,27,136	4,30,787	1,00,47,342	1,67,70,155	1,74,84,707	2,02,76,962
Plant and Machinery	3,91,05,465	15,07,380	-	-	4,06,12,845	92,63,096	25,85,915	-	(-	1,18,49,011	2,87,63,834	2,98,42,369
Solar Plant	89,80,000	-			89,80,000	3,41,389	3,27,728	-	-	6,69,117	83,10,883	86,38,611
Total	24,85,58,313	1,48,00,791	9,67,878	1,47,69,505	24,76,21,721	5,64,82,975	99,31,195	4,33,677	1,47,69,505	5,12,10,989	19,64,10,732	19,20,75,337
Intengible Assets	42,16,827	1,46,805	-	4,31,652	39,31,980	16,56,116	3,54,210	-	4,31,652	15,78,674	23,53,306	25,60,711
Total	25,27,75,140	1,49,47,596	9,67,878	1,52,01,157	25,15,53,701	5,81,39,092	1,02,85,405	4,33,677	1,52,01,157	5,27,89,664	19,87,64,038	19,46,36,048



Note 14 Long-term loans and advances

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars		As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Security deposits Unsecured, considered good		35,47,620	35,05,118
	Total	35,47,620	35,05,118

Note 15 Inventories

(At lower of cost or net realisable value)

Particulars		As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019	
Inventories				
Raw Material		5,28,30,075	1,68,07,988	
Finished Goods		21,68,86,854	17,18,02,031	
Work in Progress		1,51,47,704	1,50,22,585	
Stores and spares		68,82,670	72,23,014	
	Total	29,17,47,303	21,08,55,618	

Note 16 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Trade receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months		
from the date they are due for payment		
Unsecured, considered good	2,73,48,518	1,64,88,229
Less: Provision for doubtful trade receivables	-	-
	2,73,48,518	1,64,88,229
Other Trade receivables		
Unsecured, considered good	28,00,58,776	41,57,22,270
Less: Provision for doubtful trade receivables	-	-
	28,00,58,776	41,57,22,270
Total	30,74,07,294	43,22,10,499

Note 17 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars		As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
(a) Cash in hand		68,914	46,778
(b) Balances with banks		80	
(i) In current accounts		17,039	18,061
(ii) Fixed Deposit*		1,06,00,719	68,73,117
	Total	1,06,86,672	69,37,956

^{*}Lien marked to Banks/Financial Institutions



Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note 18 Short-term loans and advances

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars		As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Unsecured, considered good			8
(a) Advance to Suppliers/Others		1,93,35,946	1,53,22,890
(b) Vat/GST credit receivable -Unsecured Considered Goods		2,26,46,276	1,59,26,736
(c) Prepaid Expenses		13,00,406	16,98,534
(d) Others Loan and Advances		3,77,95,532	2,16,82,534
	Total	8,10,78,160	5,46,30,693

Note 19 Other current assets

Particulars		As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Accruals Interest accrued on fixed deposits with banks		3,08,908	1,98,960
	Total	3,08,908	1,98,960

Note 20 Revenue from operations

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2020	For the year ended 31 March, 2019	
a) Sale of products	1,65,97,34,357	1,62,73,28,961	
b) Other operating revenues	-	-	
Total	1,65,97,34,357	1,62,73,28,961	

Note 21 Other income

Particulars		For the year ended 31st March, 2020	For the year ended 31 March, 2019
a) Interest on fixed deposits		6,85,299	2,21,142
b) Other non-operating income		~	
Interest Income		12,47,515	8,45,747
Other Income		27,638	36,05,192
c)Profit on sale of Fixed assets		1,244	-
	Total	19,61,696	46,72,081



Note 22 Cost of Material Consumed

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2020	For the year ended 31 March, 2019
Cost of material consumed	1,25,56,90,868	1,23,25,08,618
Total	1,25,56,90,868	1,23,25,08,618

Note 23 Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended	
	31st March, 2020	31 March, 2019	
		,	
Inventories at the beginning of the year:			
Finished Goods	17,18,02,031	12,26,12,365	
Work In Progress	1,50,22,585	1,25,28,235	
	18,68,24,616	13,51,40,600	
Inventories at the end of the year:			
Finished Goods	21,68,86,854	17,18,02,031	
Work In Progress	1,51,47,704	1,50,22,585	
	23,20,34,558	18,68,24,616	
Net (increase) / decrease	(4,52,09,941)	(5,16,84,016)	

Note 24 Employee Benefit Expenses

Particulars		For the year ended 31st March, 2020	For the year ended 31 March, 2019	
			`	
Salaries, Wages Bonus and Other Allowances		8,83,25,025	8,70,04,107	
Contributions to PF and ESI		36,68,501	38,26,625	
Gratuity		12,13,465	26,00,616	
Other employee benefit expenses		49,10,120	59,48,396	
	Total	9,81,17,111	9,93,79,744	

Note 25 Finance costs

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2020	For the year ended 31 March, 2019	
Interest expense	3,89,28,597	3,47,76,646	
Others	15,49,618	27,38,849	
Total	4,04,78,215	3,75,15,495	



Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note 26 Other expenses

(Amount in Rs.)

(Amount in Rs				
Particulars		For the year ended	For the year ended	
		31st March, 2020	31 March, 2019	
Travelling and Conveyance		16,639,708	26,238,825	
Computer Exp.		1,025,729	963,274	
Legal and Professional Exp.		6,890,509	5,257,351	
Fees & Taxes		900,431	722,013	
Insurance Exp.		1,672,342	2,014,066	
Electricity and Water Expenses		13,592,485	15,372,658	
Printing and Stationery Exp.		590,281	515,061	
Lease Rent Exp.		3,907,878	5,197,031	
Advertisement Expenses		13,524,406	13,670,488	
Telephone Exp.		1,417,484	1,617,600	
Freight, Loading & Unloading Exp		34,257,332	31,651,528	
Commission Exp.		8,706,648	10,104,539	
Job Work Exp.		4,226,775	1,555,822	
Man Power Expenses		18,834,153	12,753,699	
Office Expenses		1,804,241	1,491,234	
Bad Debts Written off		1,482,536	1,858,427	
Postage Stamp & Courier Exp.		637,768	467,367	
Director Remuneration		10,800,000	10,800,000	
Auditors Remuneration		450,000	350,000	
Loss on sale of fixed assets /theft of Stock		122,051	283,684	
Packing Material Exp.		2,055,347	2,391,129	
Vehicle Running & Maintainanace Exp.		1,797,925	1,867,561	
Sales & Business Promotion		25,346,527	16,355,016	
Repair & Maintance Exp				
Plant and Machinery		2,261,200	1,976,432	
Building		2,298,080	1,442,239	
Others		1,910,311	1,981,523	
Misc Expenses		2,188,191	2,888,654	
	Total	179,340,338	171,787,221	



Note: Additional information to the financial statements

Note	e Particulars					
27	Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)					
	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March 2019			
	Contingent liabilities (a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt (b) Guarantees	Nil	Nil			
28	Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Ente	erprises Developmen	t Act, 2006			
	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31 March 2019			
	(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	Nil	Nil			
	(ii) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	Nil	Nil			
	(iii) The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	Nil	Nil			
	(iv) The amount of interest due and payable for the year (v) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	Nil Nil	Nil Nil			
	(vi) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	Nil	Nil			
	Based on the information available with the company, micro and small enterprises covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 have been identified and disclosed accordingly.					
	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2020	For the year ended 31 March, 2019			
29	Earnings / Expenditure in foreign exchange	Nil	Nil			
30	Current Assets and Loans & Advances	30 37				
	In the opinion of Board of Directors, the Current Assets, Loans & Advances of the value stated if, realized in the ordinary course of business. Provisions are adequate and not in excess of the amount reasonably required. Balance to confirmation & reconciliation.	for all known and det	ermined liabilitie			



Note: Additional information to the financial statements (Contd.)

е	Particulars					
	Related party transactions Name and Description of Relationship of related parties:					
•	Names of Related Parties		Description of relations	hip		
	Sanjay Gupta		Director			
	Sonia Gupta		Director			
	Abhishek Gupta		Director			
	Aditya Gupta		Director			
	Murti Devi		Director's Mother			
	Plaza Cable Electric Pvt Ltd		Associate Company			
	Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co.	Prop	orietorship Concern of Di	rector		
!	Details of related party transactions during the 31st March, 2020:			(Rs in Lakhs)		
	Name of Parties	Nature of Transection	Amount(for the Year ended 31.03.2020)	Amount(for the Year ended		
				31.03.2019)		
	Plaza Cable Electric Pvt Ltd	Purchase	261.46			
	Plaza Cable Electric Pvt Ltd Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co.	Purchase Purchase	261.46 479.04	249.1		
				249.1 271.4		
	Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co.	Purchase	479.04	249.1 271.4 511.9		
	Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co. Plaza Cable Electric Pvt Ltd	Purchase Sale	479.04 375.08	249.1: 271.4: 511.9: 94.86		
	Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co. Plaza Cable Electric Pvt Ltd Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co.	Purchase Sale Sale	479.04 375.08 444.11	249.1: 271.4: 511.9: 94.86 42.00		
	Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co. Plaza Cable Electric Pvt Ltd Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co. Sanjay Gupta	Purchase Sale Sale Remuneration	479.04 375.08 444.11 42.00	31.03.2019) 249.13 271.45 511.96 94.86 42.00 12.00		
	Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co. Plaza Cable Electric Pvt Ltd Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co. Sanjay Gupta Sonia Gupta	Purchase Sale Sale Remuneration Remuneration	479.04 375.08 444.11 42.00 42.00	249.1: 271.4: 511.9: 94.8: 42.00		
	Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co. Plaza Cable Electric Pvt Ltd Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co. Sanjay Gupta Sonia Gupta Abhishek Gupta	Purchase Sale Sale Remuneration Remuneration Remuneration	479.04 375.08 444.11 42.00 42.00	249.1 271.4 511.9 94.8 42.0 42.0		
	Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co. Plaza Cable Electric Pvt Ltd Plaza Power & Infrastructure Co. Sanjay Gupta Sonia Gupta Abhishek Gupta Aditya Gupta	Purchase Sale Sale Remuneration Remuneration Remuneration Remuneration	479.04 375.08 444.11 42.00 42.00 12.00	249.1 271.4 511.9 94.8 42.0 42.0 12.0		



32	Earnings per share		
	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2020	For the year ended 31 March, 2019
	Basic/Diluted		
	Continuing operations		
	Profit for the year from continuing operations	4,02,53,188	6,95,55,610
	attributable to the equity shareholders		
	Weighted average number of equity shares in	38,18,990	3,81,789
	calculating Basic EPS		790
	Weighted average number of equity shares in	38,18,535	3,81,789
	calculating Diluted EPS		11
	Par value per share	10	100
	Basic Earnings per share	10.54	182.18
	Diluted Earnings per share	10.54	182.18

Note: Additional information to the financial statements (Contd.)

Vote	Particulars		
33	Auditor Remuneration		
	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2020	For the year ended 31 March, 2019
	Payment to Auditors		
	Audit Fee	4,00,000	3,00,000
	Tax Audit Fee	50,000	50,000
	Total	4,50,000	3,50,000
34	The company has filed court cases under negotia Rs.67,83,362/-) as on 31st March ,2020 and they		
35	Previous year's figures have been regrouped / revear's classification / disclosure.	classified wherever necessary to con	respond with the curren

As per our report of even date attached

For Shailendra Goel & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 013670N

Sanjay Gupta Director

DIN No.: 00202273

For Plaza Wires Private Limited

Abhishek Gupta

Director

DIN No.:06486995

Ajay Batia

Chief Financial Officer

Shailendra Goel

Partner

M.No. 092862

UDIN NO.-20092862AAAAAB7879

Date : 16/12/2020 Place: Delhi