

### SHAILENDRA GOEL & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of

Plaza Wires Limited

Report on the audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of M/s. Plaza Wires Limited ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (here in after referred to as "Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, the Profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Ind AS Financial Statements.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 46 to the accompanying financial statements, describing the Search operations carried out by the Income tax authorities at certain premises of the Company in September 2024. Pending completion of proceedings, the consequent impact on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025, if any, is currently not ascertainable.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

**Key Audit Matters** 

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in

E-mail: goelsh27@gmail.com, mgoel05@yahoo.co.in

our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion here on, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

### The Key Audit Matter

Based on its business model in Wires and FMEG business, the Company has many different types of terms of delivery arising from different types of performance obligations with its customers. Revenue from sales of goods is recognised when control is transferred to the customers and when there are no other unfulfilled obligations. Accordingly, timing of recognition of revenue is a key audit matter.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures over the recognition of revenue included the following:

- We assessed the compliance of the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies against the requirements of Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') to identify any inappropriate policy;
- We tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal financial controls and processes for revenue recognition along with effectiveness of information technology controls built in automated processes.
- On a sample basis, we tested revenue transactions recorded during the year, by verifying the underlying documents, including invoices for assessment of fulfilment of performance obligations completed during the year. We analysed the timing of recognition of revenue and any unusual contractual terms;
- On a sample basis, we tested the invoice for revenue transactions recorded during the period closer to the year end and subsequent to the year end to verify recognition of revenue in the current period; and
- We assessed the adequacy of disclosures in the financial statements against the requirement of Ind AS 115 Revenue from contracts with customers.

### Information other than the Ind AS financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The Director's report in this regard is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The accompanying Ind AS financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in

section 134(5) of the Companies Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are
  also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial
  controls system with reference to the Ind AS financial statements in place and the operating
  effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation;

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (i) The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, is annexed as Annexure I.
- (ii) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
- In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements, comply with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act;
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;

- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to the Ind AS financial Statements of the Company and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in annexed as Annexure II;
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act. which are required to be commented upon by us.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2025 on its financial position in its financial statements- Refer Notes 39 and 46 to the financial statements;
- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2025;
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended as at 31 March 2025; and
- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 43(iii) to the financial statements, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate
  - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 43(iv) to the financial statements, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
  - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend declared by or paid by the Company during the year.



year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated in the previous year, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For SHAILENDRA GOEL & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 013670N

Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the

Shailendra Goel
Partner
Membership No.: 092862
UDIN: 25092862BMULAV4226

Date: 30.05.2025 Place: New Delhi

### Annexure I to the Independent Auditor's Report

The Annexure as referred to in paragraph (i) 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of Plaza Wires Limited on the Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we report that:

- In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
  - (a) (i) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
    - (ii) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
  - (b) The Company's property, plant and equipment were physically verified by management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification programme of its assets property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets adopted by the Company is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
  - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties as disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements included under Property, Plant and equipment are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
- (d) The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant & equipment or intangible assets during the year.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) The management has physically verified the inventory during the year at reasonable intervals. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not material and has been properly dealt with in the books of accounts.
  - (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, during the year, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. As disclosed in note 16 to the Ind AS financial statements, the quarterly statements filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company and no material discrepancy is noticed.
- iii. The company has not made any investments in, not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year and hence reporting under clause (iii) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of the Order is not applicable.
- iv. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us the Company has not made any investment and given loan, guarantee or security under section 185 and 186 of the Act. Hence, clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- V. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Hence, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.

- Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to vi. maintain cost records as specified under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its products. We have broadly reviewed the same, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
  - (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Service Tax, Duty of excise, Sales Tax and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been

In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate

- (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, statutory dues relating to Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other

Name of the Statute	Nature of the dues	Amount under dispute (INR in millions)	Amount deposited under protest (INR in millions)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Goods & Services Tax Act, 2017	Tax and Penalty	115.10	20.00	2019-20 to 2021-22	Commissioner (Appeals) of CGST & Central Excise, CGST Shimla Commissionerate
Services Fax Act, 2017	Tax, Interest and Penalty	1.62	0.08	2018-19	Commissioner (Appeals) of CGST

- There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered viii. or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, the clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and ix. explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or

- (c) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us term loans taken by the company were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
- (d) On an overall examination of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short- term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the
- (e) On an overall examination of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary, associate or joint venture.
- (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary, joint venture or associate company.
- (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer during the year (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the order is not applicable. (b) As per information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has not made

X.

xii.

XIV.

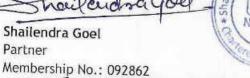
- any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable. (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or Xi. reported during the year.
  - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended) with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
  - (c) As explained to us no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report).
- As per information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Hence, clause 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order is not applicable. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, xiii. 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 24), Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.
  - (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its
  - (b) The internal audit report of the Company issued during the year and till the date of this report, for the period under audit have been considered by us, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- As per information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered XV. into any non-cash transactions with Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence clause 3 (xv) of the Order is not applicable. xvi.

a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the requirement to report under clause 3(xvi)(b) and (c)of the order is not applicable to the Company.

- b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company as a part of the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and hence reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable. xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year, hence clause 3 (xvii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in Note 42 to the Ind AS financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Ind AS financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We furtherstate that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged
- by the Company as and when they fall due. (a) There is no unspent amount under subsection (5) of the section 135 of the Act pursuant to XX. any project other than ongoing projects. Accordingly clause 3(xx)(a) of the order is not applicable. (b) There is no unspent CSR amount as at Balance Sheet date under subsection (5) of section 135 of the Act, pursuant to any ongoing project, hence, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the order
- is not applicable. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any xxi. Subsidiary, Associate or Joint Venture. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable.

### For SHAILENDRA GOEL & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 013670N



UDIN: 25092862BMULAV4926

: 30.05.2025 : New Delhi

Partner

Date

Place

Annexure II referred to in paragraph (ii) of the Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Plaza Wires Limited being report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of Plaza Wires Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to the financial statements of the Company.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to the financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to the financial statements includes those policies and procedures that

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company. provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit (2) preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations
- of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to the financial

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the financial statements Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the financial

system with reference to the financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal financial control with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of

statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Opinion In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls

For SHAILENDRA GOEL & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.: 013670N

Shailendra Goel Partner Membership No.: 092862 UDIN: 25092862BMULAV4226



Date : 30.05.2025 Place : New Delhi

(1)

### BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31,2025

		(Amount in INR Millions, u	nless other wise state
Particulars	Note No.	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
ASSETS			
(1) Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	488.74	255.8
(b) Capital Work-in-Progress	4	-	28.3
(c) Right -Of- Use Assets	5		0.0
(d) Other Intangible Assets	6	1.55	1.4
(e) Financial Assets			+*
(i) Other Financial Assets	7	10.73	11.3
Total(1)	3	501.02	296.5
(2) Current assets		1	
(a) Inventories	8	370.14	335.2
(b) Financial Assets		13070333	233,
(i) Trade Receivables	9	621.54	597.5
(ii) Cash and bank balances	10	0.28	296.7
(iii) Bank Balances other than (ii) above	11	0.52	39.4
(iv) Other Financial Assets	7		33,4
(c) Other Current Assets	12	143.08	161.7
Total(2)		1,135.56	1,430.7
TOTAL ASSETS (1+2)		1,636.58	1,727.7
		1,050.50	3,727.7
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Equity			
(a) Equity Share capital	14	427.52	
(b) Other Equity	15	437.52	437.5
Total Equity	-13	784.54	757.6
2) Liabilities		1,222.06	1,195.1
Non Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	46		1400000
(ii) Lease Liabilities	16	22.16	30.6
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	20		
(b) Provisions	17	1.52	3.4
(c) Deferred Tax liabilities (Net)	21	8.22	6.0
(c) Deserted vax nathrities (Net)	13	7.36	5.75
Current Liabilities		39.26	45.9:
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings			
(ii) Lease Liabilities	16	229.91	382.4
120 To Control (120 Control (12	20		0.10
(iii) Trade Payables	18		
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises		2.31	
and small enterprises			
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than		97.19	56.06
micro enterprises and small enterprises			
(iv) Other Financial Liabilities	17		190
(b) Other Current Liabilities	19	43.39	44.4
(c) Provisions	21	1.66	2.11
(d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	22	0.81	1.43
			7675
		375.26	486.62
TOTAL FQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,636.58	1,727.70

Significant Accounting Policies and Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

1 to 49

Goel &

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of Shailendra Goel & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.:-013670N

Shallendra Goel

Partner

Membership No.092862 UDIN:- 250 92862 BIYUL (1V4226

AJAY BATLA Chief Financial Officer

SANDAY GUPTA

DIN:-00202273

Managing Director

For and on behalf of the board

**ABHISHEK GUPTA** Wholetime Director DIN:-06486995

**BHAVIKA KAPIL** Company Secretary

Place: Delhi

Date:-30th May 2025

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH,31 2025

Particulars	Note no.	2024-25	2023-24
			<del></del>
INCOME			
Revenue from operations (net)	23	2,181.75	1,988.05
Il Other income	24	8.32	11.01
III Total Income (I+II)		2,190.07	1,999.06
IV EXPENSES			
Cost of materials consumed	25	1,738.89	1,567.31
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress	26	(17.89)	(24.35
and Stock-in-Trade Employee benefits expenses			
Finance costs	27	127.32	120.69
Depreciation and amortization expense	28	29.19	43.28
Other expenses	29	18.88	14.63
Total Expenses (IV)	30	254.54	225.28
Total expenses (IV)		2,150.93	1,946.84
V Profit before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)		39.14	52.22
VI Exceptional Items		*	-
VII Profit before tax		39.14	52.22
VIII Tax expense:		33,24	32.22
Current tax		7.81	13.05
Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods		0.23	1.33
Deferred tax		2.26	1.07
IX Profit for the year		28.84	36.77
X OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
A. Other comprehenshiv income not to be reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent periods:			
Remeasurement of gains (losses) on defined benefit plans		(2.59)	(0.34)
Income tax effect		0.65	0.08
Other Comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(1.94)	(0.26)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE MEAN AND			
OF TAX		26.90	36.51
arnings per share for profit attributable to equity			
hareholders Paris CDS	34741	Selected.	
Basic EPS	31	0.66	1.00
Dilluted EPS	31	0.66	2022

Significant Accounting Policies and Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

1 to 49

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of Shailendra Goel & Associates **Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.:-013670N

Shailendra Goel

Member ship No.092862 UDIN: 250 92862 BMULAV 4226

SANJAY GUPTA Managing Director

DIN:-00202273

AJAY BATLA

**ABHISHEK GUPTA** Wholetime Director

DIN:-06486995

**BHAVIKA KAPIL** 

Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

For and on behalf of the board

Place:-Delhi Date:-30th May 2025

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Proint/(Loss) before income tax from:  Adjustments for: Deprecation and Amortisation Expense Allowance for had and doubtful debts Finance Costs Bid Debts Written Off Inferent on Fixed Deposit Interest Other Fair value income on security deposit (lease) Sundry balances written back Other non cash adjustment Profit on also of Fixed Deposit Inferent on Fixed Deposit Inferent Other Fair value income on security deposit (lease) Sundry balances written back Other non cash adjustment Profit on also of Fixed Sasets Other non cash adjustment (located) Other non cash adjustment For firenses of Fixed Sasets Other non cash adjustment (located) Other non cash adjustment For firenses of Fixed Sasets Other on Control of Sasets Other on Control	Particulars	(Amount In INR Millions, a	
Adjustments for: Depreciation and Amortisation Expense Allowance for had and doubtful debts Finance Costs Bad Debts Written Off Interest Other Interest Other Fair value income on security deposit (lease) Sundry balances written back Other non cash adjustment Profit on any of financial sasets (Increase) Decrease in Investories (In	2-20-04-00-04-01	Warth 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Adjustments for: Depreciation and Amortisation Expense Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Finance Costs Bad Debts Written Off Interest on Fixed Deposit Interest Office and Amortisation Expense Interest Office and Amortisation Interest Office Interest Office Interest Office Interest Office Interest Office Interest Interest Office Interest Office Interest In	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Adjustments for:  Depreciation and Amortisation Expense Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Finance Costs Bad Debts Written Off Interest on Fixed Deposit Interest Ones Finance written back Interest Ones Finance written back Interest ones Sundry balances written back Other non cash adjustment Profit on sale of Fixed assets  Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:  Adjustments for Interests / decrease in operating assets: (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Interest of Sile (Increase) / Decrease in operating assets: (Increase) / Decrease in other current assets (Increase) / Decrease in other current assets (Increase) / Decrease in other standard assets  Adjustments for increase / decrease in operating liabilities, Increase/(Decrease) in Interes / Decrease /	Profit/(Loss) before income tax from:	39.14	2.00
Depreciation and Amortisation Exponse Allowance for had and doubtful debts Finance Corst Itad Debts Written Off Interest or Fixed Deposit Interest Other Interest Cher Int		22,21	2.0.
Allowance for had and doubtful debts Finance Costs Biad Debts Written Off Interest or Fixed Deposit Interest Other Fair Value income on security deposit (lease) Sundry balances written back (0.65) Other non cash adjustment Profit on sale of Fixed assets  Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets: ((increase) / Decrease in Tade Receivables ((increase) / Decrease in wentories ((increase) / Decrease in other financial assets ((increase) / Decrease in the Receivables ((increase) / Decrease in other financial assets ((increase) / Decrease in other bank balances ((increase) / Decrease in other bank balances ((increase) / Decrease in other bank balances ((increase) / Decrease in other financial isabilities (increase) / Decrease in other bank balances ((increase) / Decrease in other bank balances ((increase) / Decrease in other bank balances ((increase) / Decrease) in Other Devisions (increase) / Decrease in other bank balances ((increase) / Decrease) in Other Bayables ((increase) / Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities ((increase) / Decrease in Other Current Liabilities ((incr			
Antowance for had and doubtful debts Finance Costs Sind Debts Written Off Interest Offsixed Deposit Interest Other Fair Value Indicome on security deposit (lease) Sundry balances written back Other non cash adjustment Profit on sale of Fixed assets  Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Adjustments for (increase) / Decrease in pereting assets: ((increase) / Decrease in Indee Receivables ((increase) / Decrease in other financial assets ((increase) / Decrease in other financial assets ((increase) / Decrease in other financial assets ((increase) / Decrease in other pank balances (increase) / Decrease in other pank balances (increase) / Decrease in other pank balances (increase) / Decrease in Trade Payables (increa	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	18.88	
rinance Losis Bad Debts Written Off Interest on Fixed Deposit Interest Clore Fair value income on security deposit (lease) (IL.39) (IL		19233	
tased bebts Written Off interest on Fixed Deposit interest Other fair value income on security deposit (lease)  Sundry balances written back Other on cash adjustment Profit on sale of Fixed assets  Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets: (increase) / Decrease in Inventories (increase) / Decrease in Inventories (increase) / Decrease in Inventories (increase) / Decrease in other financial assets (increase) / Decrease in other financial assets (increase) / Decrease in other hands leases (increase) / Decrease in Other financial increases (increases) / Decreases increases (incr	1 (1/10)	379763881	100
interest Or Dever (1.5.29) interest Orber (1.5.29) interest	- 1.175-25-05-25-05-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15	1.00000000	
Tair value income on security deposit (lease)   (1.99)	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5-2006	
Sundry balances written back Other non cash adjustment Profit on sale of Fixed assets Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets: (Increase) / Decrease in Whenterories (Increase) / Decrease in Whenterories (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in other current assets (Increase) / Decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase / (Decrease) in Increase / decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase / (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) / (Decrease) in Other Current Li			
Other non cash adjustment Profit on sale of Fixed assets  Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:  Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets: (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other for current assets (Increase) / Decrease in other bank balances  Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities. (Increase) / Decrease in other bank balances  Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase / (Decrease) in Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase / (Decrease) in Increase / (decrease) in Provisions Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.94) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.93) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.94) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.95) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.96) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.97) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.97) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.97) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.98) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.99) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.90) Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (	Fair value income on security deposit (lease)	305333	
Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:  Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets: (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories (Increase) / Decrease in Operating Assets (Increase) / Decrease) in Operations (Increase) / Decrease) (Increase) / Decrease) (Increase) / Decrease) (Increase) / Decrease (Increase) / Decrease) (Increase) / Decrease (In		F1708034	
Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:  Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets: (Increase) / Decrease in winestories: (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in other funancial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other bank balances  I st. 52 (Increase) / Decrease in other bank balances  Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables (Increase) / Decrease) in Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease / Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease /		10000	
Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets: (increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (increase) / Decrease in Operating Assets (increase) / Decrease) in Operating Inabilities. Increase / Decrease) in Irrade Payables Increase / Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase / Decrease) in Operating Assets Increase / Decrease) in Operations Increase / Decrease / Decreas	Profit on sale of Fixed assets	(0.39)	
Adjustments for (Increase) / decrease in neperating assets: (Increase) / Decrease in Irrade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other funancial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other current assets (Increase) / Decrease in other bank balances  Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase/(Decrease) in Irrade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) (Incre	2000	(0.33)	
Adjustments for (Increase) / decrease in neperating assets: (Increase) / Decrease in Irrade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other funancial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other current assets (Increase) / Decrease in other bank balances  Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase/(Decrease) in Irrade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) (Incre			
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in other funacial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other funacial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other current assets (Increase) / Decrease in other current assets (Increase) / Decrease in other bank balances  Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables (Increase) / Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease / Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease	Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets (Increase) / Decrease in other current assets (Increase) / Decrease in other bank balences 38.90 (Increase) / Decrease in other bank balences 38.90 (Increase) / Decrease in other bank balences  Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables (Increase) / Decrease) in Trade Payables (Increase) / Decrease) in Trade Payables (Increase) / Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Liability (Increase) / D	Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
(Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets (31.10) (Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets (Increase)/Decrease in other toursent assets (Increase)/Decrease in other bank balances 38.90 (Increase)/Decrease in other bank balances 38.90 (Increase)/Decrease in other bank balances 38.90 (Increase)/Decrease in there are provisions increase/(Decrease) in Ingresse / Increase/(Decrease) in Ingresse / Increase/(Decrease) in Ingresse / Increase/(Decrease) in Ingresse / Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions (D.95) (Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (I.94) (Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.94) (Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.94) (Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.94)	(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(34.05)	
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets (Increase)/Decrease in other current assets (Increase)/Decrease in other bank balances 38.90 (Increase)/Decrease in other bank balances 38.90 (Increase)/Decrease) in Long Term Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.94) Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.94) Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.94) Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.95) Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.96) Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.97) Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.98) Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities (I.99) Increase/(Decrease) In Other Current Liabilities (I.94) Increase/(Decrease) In Other Current Liabilities (I.99) Increase/(Decrease) I	(Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables	A2501275	(3
(Increase)/Decrease in other current assets (Increase)/Decrease in other bank balances 38.90  Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities, Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables (Increase) in Trade Payables (Increase) in Trade Payables (Increase) in Trade Payables (Increase) in Other Financial Liabilities (Increase) in Other Current Liabilities (Increase) in Other Increase In	(increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	17092000	(7
(Increase)/Decrease in other bank balances  Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) Increase Increase/(Decrease) I	(Increase)/Decrease in other current assets		
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities. Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Capital Work Increase/(Decrease) Increase/(Decrea	(Increase)/Decrease in other bank balances		(1:
Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and bank balances/(A-B+C) Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and bank balances (A-B+C) Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and cush equivalents as per the Cash flow statement: Increase/(Decrease) in Cash Increase In	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	38.90	(3
Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Cher Current Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Competitions Increase/(Decre	Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating limitation		
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables (0.95) Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions (0.95) Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (1.94) Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities (1.03)  Cash Generated from Operations (1.03)  Less: Income taxes paid 8.66 Net cash inflow from Operating Activities 109.59 1.77  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 109.59 1.77  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 109.59 1.72  Addition of Capital work -In- progress (187.36) (3.86) (3.86) (3.86)  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities (215.79) (3.86) (3.87) (3.86) (3.87	Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Provisions		
Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Current Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) I			
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities  (1.94) Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities  (1.03)  Cash Generated from Operations  Less: Income taxes paid  8.56  7.78  Net cash Inflow from Operating Activities  Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment (46.36) (10 Table 10		44.09	(4
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities  (2.03)  Cash Generated from Operations  Less: Income taxes paid  8.56  Net cash inflow from Operating Activities  109.59  1,7:  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:  Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Interest Received  Addition of Capital work -in- progress Sale of Asset  10.65  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities  (215.79)  (3.65)  CASH FLOWS ROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:  Proceed from issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings Interest & Finance Charges Paid IPO issue expenses Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liabilty  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  (29.19)  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  (29.19)  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  0.28  296  Palances per statement of Cash Flows		(0.95)	
Cash Generated from Operations  Less: Income taxes paid  Net cash inflow from Operating Activities  109.59  1,72  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:  Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Interest Received Addition of Capital work -In- progress Addition of Capital work -In- progress Sale of Asset  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:  Proceed from Issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings Interest & Finance Charges Paid Po issue expenses Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liability  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Reconciliation of cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  0.28  296  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Increase/(Occrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	(1.94)	χ.
Less: Income taxes paid  Net cash inflow from Operating Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Interest Received Addition of Capital work -In- progress Sale of Asset  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceed from Investing Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceed from Issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings Interest & Finance Charges Paid  IPO issue expenses Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liabilty  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  Balances per statement of Cash Flows  Balances per statement of Cash Flows  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	(1.03)	
Less: Income taxes paid  Net cash inflow from Operating Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Interest Received Addition of Capital work -in- progress Sale of Asset  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceed from Investing Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceed from Issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings Interest & Finance Charges Paid IPO issue expenses Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liabilty  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  D.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Cash Generated from Operations		
Net cash inflow from Operating Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Interest Received Addition of Capital work -in- progress Sale of Asset  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceed from Issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings Interest & Finance Charges Pald PO issue expenses Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liabilty  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances (A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and Dank balances  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and Dank balances  O.28  Page  Balances per statement of Cash Flows		The state of the s	1,76
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:  Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Interest Received Addition of Capital work -In- progress Sale of Asset  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceed from issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings Interest & Finance Charges Pald IPO issue expenses Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liability  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities (190.30)  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and Dank balances  D. 28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Net cash inflow from Operating Activities		4
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Interest Received Addition of Capital work - In- progress Sale of Asset  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceed from issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings Interest & Finance Charges Paid Poi issue expenses Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liability  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  O.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	109.59	1,72
Interest Received Addition of Capital work -In- progress Sale of Asset  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities (215.79)  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceed from issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings Interest & Finance Charges Paid IPO issue expenses Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liabilty  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net increase/ (decrease) In cash and bank balances(A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Reconciliation of cash and cush equivalents as per the cash flow statement: Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  Date of Cash Flows  O.28  Date of Cash Flows	Purchase of Property Plant and Equipment	9000000	
Addition of Capital work -in- progress (187.36) Sale of Asset (187.36) Sale of Asset (187.36)  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities (215.79)  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceed from issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings (161.01) 1 Interest & Finance Charges Paid (29.19) (44 IPO issue expenses (29.19) (44 IPO issue expenses (29.19) (49 IPO issue expense		72382000744	(1
Sale of Asset  Net cash outflow from Investing Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceed from issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings Interest & Finance Charges Pald (29.19) IPO issue expenses Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liability  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances (A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  O.28  Palances per statement of Cash Flows  Balances per statement of Cash Flows		177,000	
Net cash outflow from Investing Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:  Proceed from issuance of equity share capital  Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings  Interest & Finance Charges Pald  IPO issue expenses  Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium  Payment of Lease Liability  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances (A+B+C)  Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Reconciliation of cash and cush equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances  O.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows		(187.36)	(3
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:  Proceed from issuance of equity share capital  Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings  Interest & Finance Charges Pald  (29.19)  (40  IPO issue expenses  Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium  Payment of Lease Liabilty  (0.10)  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  (190.30)  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C)  Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances  O.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Suc of Albert	10.65	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:  Proceed from issuance of equity share capital  Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings  Interest & Finance Charges Pald  (29.19)  (40.10)  IPO issue expenses  Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium  Payment of Lease Liabilty  (0.10)  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  (190.30)  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C)  Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  (296.49)  Reconciliation of cash and cush equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances  (28.49)  29.677  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances  (29.49)  29.677  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances	Net cash outflow from investing Activities		
Proceed from issuance of equity share capital Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings Interest & Finance Charges Pald (29,19) (4) (29,19) (4) (29,19) (4) (9) (8) Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liabilty (0,10) (0) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (2) (2) (1) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (8) (8) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(215.79)	(3:
Proceeds (Repayment) from Borrowings (161.01) 13 Interest & Finance Charges Paid (29.19) (4 IPO issue expenses (29.19) (4 IPO issue expenses (8 Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium (8 Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium (9.10) (7 IN et cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities (190.30) (9.10) (9 IN et cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities (190.30) (9.10)			
Interest & Finance Charges Pald  IPO issue expenses  Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium  Payment of Lease Liability  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C)  Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances  O.28  296  296  296  296  296  296  296  2	Proceeds (Renayment) from Borrowings		133
IPO issue expenses Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liabilty (0.10)  Net cash Inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities (190.30)  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement: Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  0.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Interest & Finance Charges Paid	26-73-57E	16
Issue of Equity share Capital-Securitities Premium Payment of Lease Liabilty  (0.10)  Net cash Inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities  (190.30)  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  O.28  Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  O.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows		(29.19)	(43
Payment of Lease Liability (0.10)  Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities (190.30) 60  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) (296.49) 296.77  Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year 296.77  Cash and bank balances at end of the year 0.28 296  Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances 0.28 296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows		0.20	(84
Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities (190.30) 60  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) (296.49) 296  Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year 296.77  Cash and bank balances at end of the year 0.28  Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances 0.28 296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows		-	580
Net cash inflow (outflow) from Financing Activities (190.30) 60  Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) (296.49) 296  Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year 296.77  Cash and bank balances at end of the year 0.28 296  Reconciliation of cash and cush equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances 0.28 296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Payment of Lease Liability	(0.10)	(0
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C) Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Cash and bank balances at end of the year  Reconciliation of cash and cush equivalents as per the cash flow statement: Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  0.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Net cash inflow (outflow) from Singardian Autodates		
Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year 296.77  Cash and bank balances at end of the year 0.28 296  Reconciliation of cash and cush equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances 0.28 296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	The section of renations Activities	(190.30)	600
Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year 296.77  Cash and bank balances at end of the year 0.28  Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances 0.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and bank balances(A+B+C)	Inne ans	1900
Cash and bank balances at end of the year 0.28 296  Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances 0.28 296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the financial year	21,029,000,000	296
Reconciliation of cash and cush equivalents as per the cash flow statement:  Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:  Cash and bank balances  0.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Cash and bank balances at end of the year		
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  0.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows		0.28	296
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following: Cash and bank balances  0.28  296  Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement:		
Cash and bank balances 0.28 296 Balances per statement of Cash Flows			
Cash and bank balances 0.28 296 Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above comprise of the following:		
Balances per statement of Cash Flows	Cash and bank balances	0.28	305
Balances per statement of Cash Flows		Mich	296.
	Balances per statement of Cash Flows	0.20	296.

Goel &

Note:-INR 0.00 denotes amount less than INR 5000.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of Shallendra Goel & Associates Chartered Accountants

6Al Firm Registration No.:-013070N

Shailendra Goel Partner

Member ship No.092862 UDIN:- 25092862BMULAV4226 Place:-Delhi

For and on behalf of the board

SANJAY SUPTA Managing Director DIN:-00202273

AJAY BATLA

ABHISHEK GUPTA Wholetime Director DIN:-06486995

BHAVIKA KAPIL

Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

Date:-30th May 2025

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT MARCH 31, 2025

**Equity Share Capital** 

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated) Particulars Balance at the Balance at the Changes in equity share beginning of the Changes in Equity share Balance at the end of the Beginning of the capital due to prior period current reporting capital during the year period errors. period period March 31, 2025 Numbers 4,37,52,078,00 4,37,52,078.00 Amount 4,37,52,078.00 437.52 437.52 437.52 March 31, 2024 Numbers 3,05,51,920.00 3,05,51,920.00 1,32,00,158.00 Amount 4,37,52,078.00 305.52 305.52 132.00 437.52

B. Other Equity

PO Expenses As at March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated) Reserves and Surplus Securities Premium Retained Earnings Other components of Total Account **Particulars** Other Comprehensive Income Balances as at March, 2024 495 90 261.81 (0.06)757,64 Profit for the period 28.84 (1.94)26.90 Other comprehensive income Share Premium through IPO

495.90

Note - INR 0.00 denotes amount less than INR 5000.

Refer Note No.15 for nature and purpose of reserves As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of Shailendra Goel & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICALFirm Registration No.: 013670N

Shallendra Goel

Partner

Membership No.092862 UDPM: 25092862BMOL

For and on behalf of the board

(2.00)

SANGAY GUPTA Managing Director DIN:-00202273

290.65

ABHISHEK GUPTA Wholetime Director

784.54

DIN: 06486995

AJAY BATLA Chief Financial Officer

BHAVIKA KAPII Company Secretary

Place:-Delhi Date:-30th May 2025

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### CORPORATE INFORMATION

Plaza Wires Private Limited was incorporated on 23rd August, 2006 under the Companies Act, 1956 having its registered office at A-74, Okhla Industrial Area Phase-2, Delhi-110020. The Company is engaged in manufacturing and trading of electrical wire and allied products. Company has been converted into a Public Company on 10/03/2022 and become listed on NSE & BSE on 12/10/2023

The Company's Ind AS Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2025 were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution dated May 30th 2025.

### BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND COMPLIANCE

2.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

The Company's financial statements upto and for the year ended 31 March 2022 were prepared in accordance with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, notified under Section 133 of the Act and other relevant provisions of the Act (IGAAP).

The Financial Statement of the Company comprises of the Balance Sheet as at March 31 2025 and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2025 and , the Basis for Preparation and Significant Accounting Policies and the Statement of Notes to the Financial Statement (hereinafter collectively referred to as ' Financial

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

### 2.2 Basis of measurement

The Financial Statement of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) on a Historical Cost Convention on accrual basis, except for the following material items:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value.
- -Net defined benefit plans- Plan assets measured at fair value less present value of defined benefit obligation.

### Determining the Fair Value

While measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

### 2.3 Current and Non-Current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. The Company has presented noncurrent assets and current assets before equity, non-current liabilities and current liabilities in accordance with Schedule III, Division II of Companies Act, 2013

### An asset is classified as current when it is:

- 'Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- 'Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- 'Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting year, or
- 'Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting year. All other assets are classified as non-current.

### A liability is classified as current when it is:

- 'Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- 'Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- 'Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting year, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting year.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The Company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle.

### 2.4 Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the Financial Statement of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates i.e. the "functional currency". The Company's financial statement are presented in INR, which the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest Millions, unless otherwise indicated.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years presented.

These judgments and estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the relevant facts and circumstances, having regard to previous experience, but actual results may differ materially from the amounts included in the financial statements.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

The information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements. Refer Note 3 for detailed discussion on estimates and judgements.

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Property, Plant And Equipment:

### Recognition and measurement

Property, Plant and equipment are measured at cost (which includes capitalised borrowing costs) less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- b) any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management.
- c) the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.
- If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment and depreciated accordingly.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference

between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on the date of disposal or retirement

### Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

### Depreciation, Estimated useful life and Estimated residual value

Depreciation is calculated using the Straight Line Method, pro rata to the period of use, taking into account useful lives and residual value of the assets. The useful life of assets & the estimated residual value taken from those prescribed under Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation is computed with reference to cost. Depreciation on additions during the year is provided on pro rata basis with reference to month of addition/installation. Depreciation on assets disposed/discarded is charged up to the date of sale excluding the month in which such assets is sold.

The assets residual value and useful life are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting year. Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amounts. These are included in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, plant and equipment	Useful life as per company
Building	30/60 Years
Office Equipments	5/8/10 Years
Computer	3 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years
Vehicles	8/10 Years
Plant and Machinery	8/10/15 Years
Solar Plant	25 Years

Land is carried at historical cost and is not depreciated.

### **INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

Identifiable intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits attributed to the asset will flow to the Company and the cost of the asset can be reliably measured.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

### Recognition and measurement

Computer software's have finite useful lives and are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

### Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, when intered is recognised in statement of profit or loss.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### (iii) Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost of intangible assets less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives and is generally recognised in statement of profit or loss. Computer software are amortised over their estimated useful life or 10 years, whichever

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted, if required.

Proceedings of the control of the co	esidual values are reviewed at each reporting Useful life as per company
omputer Software	
	10 Years

### Impairment of non financial assets

An asset is considered as impaired when at the date of Balance Sheet, there are indications of impairment and the carrying amount of the asset, or where applicable, the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the net asset selling price and value in use). The carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount and the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in the statement of profit and loss. The impairment loss recognized in the prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount. Post impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying value of the impaired asset over its remaining useful life.

impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last Impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the summary statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation

### Financial assets

### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets measured at fair value or as financial assets measured at amortised cost.

### Subsequent Measurement

### Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost (AC)

A Financial Asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and

### Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Company changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments. Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following

Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance. b)

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- Trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on

- For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. Expected Credit Loss Model is used to provide for impairment loss.

Goel

### Financial liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit and loss-[FVTPL]; and
- those measured at amortised cost. [AC]

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or at amortised cost. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, lease liabilities, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss [FVTPL]

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss [FVTPL] include financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind-AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/loss are not subsequently transferred to statement of profit or loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

### Financial liabilities at amortised cost (Loans and borrowings)

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to borrowings.

### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT

Cash and cash equivalent including other bank balances in the summary statement of assets and liabilities comprise cash at banks and on hand and shortterm deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the summary statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents including other bank balances consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

### INVENTORIES

Raw Materials are valued at cost.

Stores and Spares are valued at cost.

Work-in-Progress are valued at cost

Finished stocks are valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower.

The valuation of inventories includes taxes, duties of non refundable nature and direct expenses and other direct cost attributable to the cost of inventory, net of excise duty/Goods and Service Tax/ countervailing duty / education cess and value added tax.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The net realizable value of work-in-progress is determined with reference to the selling prices of related finished products. Raw materials and other supplies held for use in production of finished products are not written down below cost except in cases where material prices have declined and it is estimated that the cost of the finished products will exceed their net realizable value.

### **EARNINGS PER SHARE**

### Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per shares is calculated by dividing Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity holders (adjusted for amounts directly charged to Reserves) before/after Exceptional Items (net of tax) by Weighted average number of Equity shares, (excluding treasury shares).

### Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per shares is calculated by dividing Prolit/(Loss) attributable to equity holders (adjusted for amounts directly charged to Reserves) before/after Exceptional Items (net of tax) by Weighted average number of Equity shares (excluding treasury shares) considered for basic earning per shares. adjusted for the effects of dilutive potential Equity shares.





### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### FOREIGN CURRENCY

### Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the Company at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets (other then investments in companies registered outside India) and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date.

Difference on account of changes in foreign currency are generally charged to the statement of profit & loss.

### 10 Revenue recognition

### (i) Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is generally recognised when control or substantial risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer under the terms of the contract, generally on delivery of goods.

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration which the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring distinct services to a customer as specified in the contract, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government). Consideration is generally due upon satisfaction of performance obligations and receivable is recognized when it becomes unconditional.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for discounts, incentive schemes and claims, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

### (ii) Contract Balances

### Trade Receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

### Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

### (iii) Other Income

Other income is comprised primarily of interest income. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method and where no significant uncertainty

### 11 **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

### (i) **During Employment benefits**

### Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

### Post Employment benefits

### Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post employment benefit plan under which a Company pays fixed contribution into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts.

### (b) Defined benefit plans

The Company pays gratuity to the employees who have has completed five years of service with the company at the time when employee leaves the

The gratuity liability amount is unfunded and formed exclusively for gratuity payment to the employees.

The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the periods during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement of defined benefit plans in respect of post employment are charged to Other Comprehensive Income.

Compensated Absences : Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within 12 months from the end of the year are treated as short term employee benefits. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end.

### (c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Company before the normal retirement date or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. In case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer.



### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 12 INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items

### Current tax (ii)

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or subsequently enacted at the Balance sheet date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current tax provision is computed for income calculated after considering allowances and exemptions under the provisions of the applicable income Tax Laws. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are off set, and presented as net.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting year. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting year. Deferred tax is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which they can be used.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- The Deferred Tax Assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable Company.

Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as current tax. The company recognizes MAT credit available as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period i.e. the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward.

In the year in which the company recognizes MAT credit as an asset in accordance with the GN on accounting for Credit Available in respect of Minimum Alternate Tax under the Income Tax Act, 1961, the said asset is created by way of credit to the Statement of Profit and Loss and shown as "MAT Credit Entitlement," The company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent the company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

### **BORROWING COSTS**

General and specific Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset till the date it is ready for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

### As a lessee

The company recognises a Right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The Right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. Right of- use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term. In addition, the Right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months. The company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases.

### (ii) As a lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the Company to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's neblavestment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

Lease income from operating leases where the company is a lessor is recognised in locking on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are ted inflationary cost increases. structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expe

Fred Acc

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 15 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES & ASSETS

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event. It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using equivalent period government securities interest rate. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contingent assets are not recognised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset.

### 16 SEGMENT REPORTING

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions for which discrete financial statement is available. Based on the management approach as defined in Ind AS 108, the chief operating decision maker evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments and geographic segments.

### 17 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy.

### Determining the Fair Value

While measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

### 18 ROUNDING OFF OF AMOUNTS

All amounts disclosed in financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest Millions as per requirement of Schedule III of the Act, unless otherwise stated



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

### Impairment test of Non Financial Assets (a)

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent to those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or CGU based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.

### Recognition and measurement of Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the year when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of Judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. Since the cash outflows can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

### Contingencies

In the normal course of business, contingent liabilities may arise from litigation, taxation and other claims against the Company. Where it is management's assessment that the outcome cannot be reliably quantified or is uncertain, the claims are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the likelihood of an adverse outcome is remote. Such liabilities are disclosed in the notes but are not provided for in the financial statements. When considering the classification of legal or tax cases as probable, possible or remote, there is judgement involved. Although there can be no assurance regarding the final outcome of the legal proceedings, the Company does not expect them to have a materially adverse impact on the Company's financial position.

### (c) Measurements of Defined benefit obligations plan

The Cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

### (d) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting year.

### Income Taxes

There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain and would get finalized on completion of assessment by tax authorities. Where the final tax outcome is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax in the year in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that the taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future planning strategies.

### Depreciation / Amortisation and useful lives of Property Plant and Equipment (PPE) / Intangible Assets: -

PPE / intangible assets are depreciated / amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation /amortisation for future periods are revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

### Exceptional items

Exceptional Items are those items that management considers, by virtue of their size or incidence, should be disclosed separately to ensure that the financial statement allows an understanding of the underlying performance of the business in the year, so as to facilitate comparison with prior periods. Such items are material by nature or amount to the year's result and / or require separate disclosure in accordance with Ind AS. The determination as to which items should be disclosed separately requires a degree of judgement.

### WIRES LIMITED

# TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

			Challedonka	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Fiction	Venicles	The same of the same of	col- ni		Capital Work in
Additions	97.93	67 04			1 inchies		Machinery	Joint Flant	lotal	Progress
Noningly	25,000	62.81	6.55	1.03	7.00					
Disposals	*	1.95	0.67	0.22	7.08	29.23	38.29	7.97	250.87	
As at March 31, 2024				V.23	4.90	1.45	37.78		10,007	
Additions	97.93	64.75			*	6.37	-		42.48	
	0 50	C//40	7.22	1.26	11.97	34.30			6.37	
Disposals	0.19	57.39	4.34	85.0	70.07	24.30	71.57	7.97	286.97	
AS at March 31, 2025			•	1111	16.97	27.78	141.51		761 56	
	98.52	122 14	**			19.81			00.707	
CIDAL II ATTO		The same	11.56	2.24	40 94	77 77			19.81	
ACCOMPLET DEPRECIATION/IMPAIRMENT					100	17.76	213.08	7.97	528.72	
AS at March 31, 2023										
Depreciation for the year		3.58	1.99	0 40						
Impairment Loss for the year		1.89	1 73	04.0	2.38	7.22	6.12	0.68	77.72	
uctions\Adjustments		H155.F	37:0	87.0	1.28	4.05	7.07	0.00	22.43	
As at March 31 3020		0					404	0.34	13.90	
moduling for the		7				36.3			*	
Depletiation for the year		5,46	3.21	0.75	33.6	52.2			5.25	
Deductions\Adjustments during the nerind	*	2.10	1.10	000	3.05	6.03	10.96	1.07	21 00	
As at March 31, 2025		•119	*****	0.38	2.48	5.37	6 67	2000	Sp. rc	1
74.00		4			,	0 00	2007	0.34	18.45	
		456	4.31	1.13	613	3.33		***	9.55	
					0.1.0	7.85	17.63	1.36	39.98	
iver Carrying value as at March 31, 2025										
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2024	98,52	114.58	7.25	1.11	34 04					
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2023	37.93	59.29	4.00	0.54	18,40	30.42	195.45	6.61	488 74	
Notes:	97.93	59.23	4 50	15.0	8.32	18.27	60.61	20.0	400.74	
Serty Plant and Configuration			4.55	0.56	4.70	22.00	20 17	7.70	255.88	
Refer to Note to Early equipment piedged as security against borrowings by the company	ct harvanings to at					-	71.90	1.29	228.43	

nt pledge as security by the company

Contractual Obligations
 Refer to Note 39, of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

iii. The title deeds of all the immovable properties are held in the name of company.

(iv) The company has not revalued any Property plant and equipment during the reporting periods

(v) A. Ageing Schedule
Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule as at March 31, 2025
Capital work-in-progress

Capital Work in Progress-Machinery  Project temporarily suspended	Project in progress Capital Work in Progress
	Amount in Less than 1 year
	Capital work-in
	-progress for a period of 2-3 Years Mc
	Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated) 1-progress for a period of 2-3 Years More than 3 Total
Guerte .	wise stated) Total

# 5!1a/

Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule as at March 31, 2024  Capital work-in-progress					
Capital Work-in-progress	Amoun	t in Capital work-in	Amount in Capital work-in-progress for a period of	fod of	
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3	Total
Project in progress				years	
Capital Work in Progress-Building	25.61	×.			25.61
Capital Work in Progress-Machinery	2.69	٠		•	2.69
Project temporarily suspended					
5. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS					
			(Amount in II	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)	her wise stated)
Particulars					Right-Of-Use
GROSS CARRYING VALUE					Assets
As at March 31, 2024					1 76
Additions					03:11
Deletions / Other Adjustment					
As at March 31, 2025					1.26
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION/IMPAIRMENT					
As at March 31, 2024					1 18
Depreciation for the year					80.0
Other Adjustment					0,000
As at March 31, 2025					1.26
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2025					
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2024					0.02
Notes:					0.00
<ul> <li>(i) The Company has not revalued Rights to use assets during the reporting year.</li> <li>(ii) The Company has entered into lease arrangements for its office and godown purpose. These leasing arrangements are of 3 years on an avenage and are usually renewable by multiply concent or multiply according to the company.</li> </ul>	ts during the reporting yes	ar. vn purpose. These l	easing arrangemen	ts are of 3 years on ar	avearage
	second of contract sections.				
<ul><li>(v) The following amount are recognised in the profit and inse-</li></ul>	labilities				
(Amount	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)	her wise stated)			

and 30)

Expenses relating to short term leases (refer note 20

9.75 0.00 0.08

Interest expenses on lease liabilities (refer note 20 and Depreciation expenses of right of use assets (refer note 29)

March 2025

March 2024 0.37

0.02 7.24

(vi) The lease agreements for immovable properties where the company is the lessee are duly execut

d in favour of the company.

As at March 31, 2023

Impairment

Amortisation for the year

Acquisition through business combinations Deductions\Adjustments during the period

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
	(Amount in INR Millions, unless	other wise stated
Particulars	Computer Software	Total
GROSS CARRYING VALUE		
As at March 31, 2023	2 49	2.49

Particulars	Computer Software	Total
GROSS CARRYING VALUE		
As at March 31, 2023	2.49	2.49

		0.5.650
GROSS CARRYING VALUE	W 14 1 W 10 W 10 W 10 W 10 W 10 W 10 W 1	
As at March 31, 2023	2.49	2.4
Additions	0.09	0.09
	0.05	0.0.

GROSS CARRYING VALUE		
As at March 31, 2023	2.49	2.4
Additions	0.09	0.0
Deletions	0.03	0.0

As at March 31, 2023	2.49	2.0
Additions	0.09	2.4 0.0
Deletions	0.03	0.0
Acquisition through business combinations		
Other Adjustments		

Acquisition through business combinations		-
Other Adjustments		
As at March 31, 2024	2.58	2.58
Additions	0.44	0.44
Deletions		-
As at March 31, 2025	3.02	3.02
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT		

0.75

0.36

0.75

0.36

1.46 1.74

As at March 31, 2024	1.11	1.11
Amortisation for the year	0.35	0.35
As at March 31, 2025	1.46	1.46
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2025	1.56	1.55

<u> </u>	1,40
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2025	1.56
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2024	1.46
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2023	1.74

The company has not revalued any Intangible assets during the reporting period

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

FINANCIAL ASSETS			
C) OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	(	Amount in INR Millions, unl	
Non Current		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost			
Security Deposits			
Lease Deposits		4.07	10.3
Deposits with banks to the extent held as margin money*			0.0
a and small find as margin money	7	6.66	0.8
To	otal	10.73	11.2
* Include accured interest of Rs.0.32 millions (Previous Year-Rs.0.04 millions)			7.1.2
Current			
(i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost			
Interest accrued on FD with banks			
Deposits with banks to the extent held as margin money		241	
То	tal		-
Details of lien against fixed deposits: : (Non current)			
Security lien towards PNB - bank guarantee		0.74	0.8
Security lien towards PNB - cash credit facility		5.92	0.8
Total		6.66	0.8
Details of lien against fixed deposits: (Current)			
Security lien towards PNB - bank guarantee		-	
To	tal		

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 8. INVENTORIES

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated) **Particulars** March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 Raw materials (Valued at cost) 126.17 108.09 Work-in-process (Valued at cost) 29.93 57.03 Finished goods (Valued at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower) 208.08 163.08 Stores, consumables and packing material (Valued at cost) 5.96 7.09 Total 370.14 335.29

During the year ended March 31, 2025: INR Nil (March 31, 2024: INR Nil ) was recognised as an expense for inventories carried at net realisable value.

### 9. TRADE RECEIVABLES

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

(Amount in the Millions, unless other wi		ms, unless other wise stated)
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current		
Trade Receivables from customers	584.48	551.05
Receivables from other related parties (Refer Note 33)	37.06	46.47
	621,54	597.52
Breakup of Trade receivables :		207.00
Secured, considered good		
Unsecured, considered good	638.37	608.92
Trade receivable which have significant increase in credit risk		455.52
Trade receivable Credit Impaired	-	·
	638.37	608.92
Impairment Allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful debts)		
Less: Loss allowance	44.00	
2000 COSO CITO WATER	16.83	11.40
	16.83	11.40
	621.54	597.52

<sup>(</sup>i) Refer Note No. 36 and 37 for Financial instruments, fair values and risk measurement

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balance as at beginning of the year	11.40	11.88
Change in allowance during the year	5.43	(0.48)
Written back during the year	3	(0.40)
Balance as at the end of the year	16.83	11.40

<sup>(</sup>ii) Trade or Other Receivable due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person amounted to INR Nil as on March 31, 2025 (March 31, 2024: INR Nil)

<sup>(</sup>iii) Trade or Other Receivable due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member amounted to INR 37.06 millions as on March 2025 ( March 31, 2024: INR 46.47 millions)

<sup>(</sup>iv) The movement in allowance for expected credit loss is as follows :

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 PLAZA WIRES LIMITED

Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule:

Total		Less than 6 months 482.58 13.70	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (ii)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party) (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good (v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired Sub Total Less: Allowance for credit impaired/Expected credit loss Total
11 2.60  6 0.20 0.82 7.51  6 0.20 0.82 7.51  Collowing periods from due date of payment  1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total  9.59 3.47 4.61  1 1.67 0.85 5.37	7 0 6	Less than 6 months 482.58 13.70	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good (v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired
11 2.60  1-2 0 0.82 7.51    Ollowing periods from due date of payment		Less than 6 months 482.58 13.70	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party) (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good (v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired
11 2.60  16 0.20 0.82 7.51  10 0.82 7.51  1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total  1 1.67 0.85 5.37		Less than 6 months 482.58 13.70	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party) (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good (v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk
11 2.60  16 0.20 0.82 7.51  10 0.20 0.82 7.51  1-2 years 2.3 years More than 3 years Total  1.67 0.85 5.37	7 0 6	Less than 6 months 482.58 13.70	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party) (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk
11 2.60  16 0.20 0.82 7.51  10 0.20 0.82 7.51  1-2 years 2.3 years More than 3 years Total  1.67 0.85 5.37	7 0 6	Less than 6 months 482.58 13.70	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (ii)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party) (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good (v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk
11 2.60  2.60  3.82  7.51  6 0.20  8.82  7.51  1-2 years  2-3 years  More than 3 years  7 1.57  1.67  1.67  1.67  1.67  1.67  1.67	7 0 0	Less than 6 months 482.58 13.70	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (ii)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party) (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good
11 2.60  16 0.20 0.82 7.51  10 0.20 0.82 7.51  1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total  1 3.47 4.61	7 0 6	Less than 6 months 482.58 13.70	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party) (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good
11 2.60  6 0.20 0.82 7.51  Following periods from due date of payment 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 9.59 3.47 4.61	7 0 6	Less than 6 months 482.58	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party) (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired
11 2.60  6 0.20 0.82 7.51  following periods from due date of payment 1-2 years 2-3 years Nore than 3 years 7 4.61	7 0 0	Less than 6 months 482.58	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party) (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk
11 2.60  6 0.20 0.82 7.51  6 0.20 0.82 7.51  7 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total  9.59 3.47 4.61	7 0 6	Less than 6 months 482.58	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party) (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant
11 2.60		Less than 6 months 482.58	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others) (i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related Party)
1   2.60	0 0	Less than 6 months 482.58	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others)  (i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Related
11 2.60  12 0.20 0.82 7.51  1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total	<u> </u>	Less than 6 months	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others)
11 2.60  1 0.20 0.82 7.51  1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total		Less than 6 months	Particulars Particulars
2.60  6 0.20 0.82 7.51  following periods from due date of payment	<u> </u>	less than 6 months	
2.60  0.20  0.82  7.51			
2.60 2.60 0.20 0.82 7.51			March 21 2024
2.60 2.60  0.20 0.82 7.51	1		
2.60  0.20 0.82 7.51			lotal
2.60 2.60 0.20 0.82 7.51			ress. Allowance for credit impaired/Expected credit loss
2.60 2.60 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51			Torre Allows and Francisco
2.60 			Sub Total
2.60 			(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired
2.60 2.60 2.60 2.7.51	K.	í	in credit risk
2.60			(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase
2.60		1.77	(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good
2.60			(iii) undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired
2.60		ı	increase in credit risk
			(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant
		20.55	Party)
30.77 8.69 2.77 3.74 591.30		242.22	(i)(b) Undisputed Trade receivables - ronsidered good (Bolaton
, and the second		50 505	(i)(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (Others)
1-2 years 7-3 years More than 3		Less than 6 months	raiticulais
Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	Outstanding for following periods from a		Particulars

considered good and recoverable. The court cases pending at the end of the year March 31,2025 is INR. 10.01 millions (March 31,2024:- INR 8.10 millions) and they are considered good and recoverable. \* The company has filed court cases during the current financial year under negotiable instruments act to recover INR 1.32 millions (Previous Year March 31, 2024: INR 2.22 millions) and they are

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 10. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(Amount in INI	R Millions	unless other	wise stated

	(Amount in live Millions, u	niess other wise stated
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balances with banks: - in current accounts Cash on hand On Fixed Deposit with matuirty less three months *	0.05 0.12 0.11	6.09 0.17 290.55
	0.28	296.77

<sup>\*</sup> Include accured interest of Rs.0.01 millions (Previous Year Rs.3.97 millions ) and includes deposit of Rs.0.10 millions (previous year Rs.0.08 millions) lien with Punjab National Bank against borrowings.

### 11. OTHER BANK BALANCES

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Deposit with more than 3 Month and remaining matuirity period less than 12 months from the date of balance sheet *	0.52	39.43
	0.52	39.43

<sup>\*</sup> Include accured Interest of Rs. 0.03 millions (previous Year Rs 1.08 millions)

0.52	3.42
-	5.64
0.52	9.06
	0.52

### 12. OTHER ASSETS

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current		
Advances to suppliers for capital goods	48.27	88.11
Advances other than Capital advances		
- Advances to Suppliers for goods and expenses	41.08	45.45
- Other advances/loan	0.41	0.27
Others		0.27
- Prepaid expenses	4.24	2.67
<ul> <li>Balances with Statutory, Government Authorities *</li> </ul>	48.05	24.31
<ul> <li>Imprest with Branches and others **</li> </ul>	0.58	0.82
- Advance to staff (Net)	0.45	0.07
Total	143.08	161.70

<sup>\*</sup>Includes voluntary payment of GST of INR 5 million and INR 15 million made by the company on 10th September 2021 and 18 September 2023 respectively, for the financial year 2020-2021, against the show cause notice u/s 74(5) through challan in form DRC - 03. Refer Note 39.

Note: Advances due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member amounted to INR is 11.77 millions as on March 31, 2025 (March 31, 2024: INR.0.08 millions)

<sup>\*\*</sup> INR.Nil due from a relative as on March 31,2025 (March 31, 2024: Nil)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

13. INCOME TAX

eferred Tax (Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise				
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024		
Provision for employee benefits - Gratuity Provision for employee benefits - Leave encashment Expected credit loss on trade receivables Leases - ROU and leaseliability Convertible Preference shares Losses available for offsetting against future taxable income	(2.44) (0.05) (4.24)	(2.05 (0.03 (2.87 (0.00		
Total Deferred Tax (Assets): (A)	(6.73)	(4.95		
Temporary difference in the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment	14.09	10.70		
Total Deferred Tax Liability: (B)	14.09	10.70		
MAT Credit Receivable Unrecognised deferred tax assets		+		
Net Deferred Tax (Assets) / Liabilities	7.36	5.70		

Movement in deferred tax liabilities/assets (Amount in INR Millions,		nless other wise stated)	
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Opening balance as of April 1	5.75	4.77	
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in profit or loss	2.26	1.07	
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in OCI	(0.65)	(0.08)	
Discontinued operations	(0.00)	(0.00)	
Deferred Taxes Acquired in business combination			
Closing balance as at March 31	7.36	5.75	

The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

0.65

2.26

0.23

10.31

0.08

1.07

1.33

15.45

Major Components of income tax expense for year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 are as follows:

rarticulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current Tax		
Current Income tax charge	7.81	13.05
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of previous year Deferred Tax	0.23	1.33
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	2.26	1.07
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	10.31	15.45

ii. Income Tax recognised in OCI

Particulars

Net loss/(gain) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans

10.31

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

March 31, 2025

March 31, 2024

0.65

0.08

Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit multiplied by income tax rate for March 31,2025 and March 31, 2024

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Profit before tax	39.14	52.22
Profit before tax from discontinuing operations		
Accounting profit before income tax	39,14	52.22
Enacted tax rate in India	0.25	0.25
Income Tax on Accounting Profits	9.85	13.14
Effect of		
Depreciation	(3.75)	(0.94)
Expenses allowable under Income Tax	(0.82)	(0.53)
Expenses not allowable under Income Tax	0.92	0.78
Deductions under Income tax		(0.44)
ECL on Trade Receivable	1.37	19
Ind As Adjustment		0.26
Interest on income tax	0.25	0.25

New Delh

Refer Note no.46 for Income Tax Search Activity

Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods

Tax at effective Income Tax Rate

Deferred tax

Income tax recognised in profit or loss

Income tax expense recognised in OCI

Note - INR 0.00 denotes amount less than INR 5000

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

14. SHARE CAPITAL		TO STREET !
. Authorised Share Capital	(Amount in INR Millions, unles	s other wise stated
	Equity	Share
Particulars	Number	Amount
Equity shares of Rs.10 each with voting rights		- WORKER TO SERVICE
At March 31, 2023	5,00,00,000	500.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	3,00,00,000	300.00
At March 31, 2024	5,00,00,000	500.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	3,00,00,000	500.00
At March 31, 2025	5,00,00,000	500.00

### Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

### ii. Issued Capital

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated) **Particulars** Number Amount At March 31, 2023 3,05,51,920 305.52 Issued during the period 1,32,00,158 132.00 At March 31, 2024 4,37,52,078 437.52 Issued during the period At March 31, 2025 4,37,52,078 437.52

The company completed an Initial Public Offer ("IPO") of 13,200,158 equity shares of face value of INR Rs. 10/- each at an issue price of INR Rs. 54 per equity shares aggregating INR 71,28,08,532/- through fresh issue. The equity shares of the company were listed on BSE Limited ("BSE") and National stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE") on October 12, 2023 (refer note 45)

### iii. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate equity share in the company

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

	As at March	As at March 31, 2024		
Promoter's name	No of Shares	% Holding	No of Shares	% Holding
Equity Shares with Voting Rights				
Sonia Gupta	1,27,49,120	29.14%	1,27,49,120	29.14%
Sanjay Gupta	1,58,74,480	36.28%	1,58,74,480	36.28%
	2,86,23,600	65.42%	2,86,23,600	65.42%

### iii. Details of shareholding of Promoters are as under as at 31st March 2025 and 31st March 2024.

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

As at March 31, 2025			As at March 31	2024		
Promoter's name	No of Shares	% Holding	% Change during the year	No of Shares	% Holding	% Change during the year
Equity Shares with Voting Rights				1		
Sonia Gupta	1,27,49,120	29.14%	0.00%	1,27,49,120	29.14%	0.00%
Sanjay Gupta	1,58,74,480	36.28%	0.00%	1,58,74,480	36.28%	0.00%
	2,86,23,600	65.42%		2,86,23,600	65.42%	

iv. Aggregate number of equity shares issued as bonus, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022*
Bonus Shares (Number) of Face value of Rs.10				
each	Nil	Nil	Nil	2,67,32,930

<sup>\*</sup> The Company has issued bonus of 2,67,32,930( Two Crore Sixty Seven lacs thirty Two Thousand Nine Hundered Thirty Only) equity shares having face value of Rs.10/-each in the ratio of 7:1 (in the propotion of 7 (seven) equity shares for every 1(one) existing equity share) vide board resolution dated 19:03:2022 to all the existing shareholders fully paid up of the company whose names appear in the register of members of the company on March 2,2022 i.e the record date.

Note - INR 0.00 denotes amount less than INR 5000



A. Summary of Other Equity balance:

Securities Premium Account

(a) Securities Premium Account

15. OTHER EQUITY

Retained Earnings

Opening balance

Income tax effect

B. Nature and purpose of reserves:

accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013.

Closing balance

**Particulars** 

Total

Particulars

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

Add: Premium Received on Issue of Equity shares Less:- IPO Share issue expenses* Closing Balance	495.90	580.81 (84.91) <b>495.90</b>
(b) Retained Earnings Particulars	March 2d 2005	
Opening balance	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
S-100 (100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	261.76	225.25
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period  Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	28.84	36.77 (0.34)

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

495.90

288.64

784.54

495 90

(2.59)

0.65

288.66

March 31, 2024

March 31, 2024

495.90

261.75

757.65

(0.34)

0.09

261.76

March 31, 2025

March 31, 2025

\* The IPO share issue expenses amounting to Rs.Nil (Previous Year Rs.84.91 millions) have been adjusted against the securities premium in

Retained Earnings - Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date or losses incurred till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

Securities Premium - Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of bonus shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 16. BORROWINGS

		(Amount in INR Millions,	unless other wise stated)
Particulars		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Non Current Borrowings			
Secured			
Term loan from banks			
Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) - PNB (refer note -a(i)		14.64	30.92
Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) - SCB (refer note -a(ii)		7.50	13.94
Term Loan against Property from SCB (refer note -a(iii)			4.06
Vehicles Term Loan (refer note -a(iv)		16.41	10.20
Unsecured			
Loans from Director's, their Relatives and Corporate		- 1	
	(A)	38.55	59.12
Less: Current Maturity of Non Current Borrowings	1,77736		33.12
Term loan from banks		16.39	28.48
	(B)	16.39	28.48
	Total (A)-(B)	22.16	30.64
Current Borrowings			
Secured			
(a) Cash Credit			
From Banks - PNB (refer note -b(i)		106.41	236.79
From Banks - SCB (refer note -b(ii)		13.42	117.17
From Banks - YES BANK (refer note -b(iii)		93.68	227,120
(b) Current maturities of Long term borrowings (Refer Note No.a)		16.39	28.48
	Total	229.91	382.44



i) Secured Term Loan availed under Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line(GECL) from Punjab National Bank (PNB) a 'NON CURRENT BORROWING

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

PLAZA WIRES UMITED

Secured by equitable hypothecation on present and future current assets of the company and equitable mortgage created against land and building of factory

situated at Khatauni No. 31/31,152/154, khasra no. 923/56 (10-18), 924/58(4-6), 874/49/1(0-2) village katha baddi District Solan Himschal Pradesh alongwith Guarantee

godowns or premises or wherever also the same may be and (ii) second charge over company's immovable property i.e., property bearing no. A-74 situated at Okhia Hypotheration by way of (1) second charge over all present and future current assets and movable fixed assets of the company stored to be stored at company's Outstanding amount of INR 14.54 Millions (31st March, 2024 INR 23.01 millions) repayable in 21 monthly EMI of INR 0.70 millions each - Dufstanding amount of INR Nii Millions (31st March, 2024 INR 7.91 millions) repayable in Nil monthly EMI of IRR 1.32 millions each -Outstanding amount of INR NI millions (31st March, 2024 INR 3.94 millions) repayable in Nil monthly EM of INR 0.56 millions each Outstanding smount of INR 7.50 millions (31.4t March, 2024 INR 10.00) repayable in 27 monthly EMI of INR 0.30 millions each ii) Secured Term Loan availed under Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line(GECL) from Sandard Chartered Bank(SCB) industrial Area, Phase 2, New Delhi together with all buildings and structures therein.

- Outsbrinding amount of INR Mil millions (33st March, 2024 INR 4.06 millions) repayable in Nil monthly EMI of INR 0.65 millions each. iii) Secured Term Loan against property from Standard Chartered Bank Secured by way of Hypothication of Respective Vehicle/Assets List of Secured Vehicles Term Loan -Vehicle

millions each -Dulstanding amount of INR 2.96 Millions (31 March, 2024 INR 3.79 millions) from Financial Institution repayable in 37 monthly EMI of INR 0.09 - Outstanding amount of INR 0.41 Millions 131 March, 2024 INR 0.70 millions) from bank repayable in 16 monthly EMI of INR 0.03 millions each Outstanding amount of INR 2.09 Millions (31 March, 2024 INR Nit millions) from bank repayable in 24 monthly EMI of INR 0.10 millions each

Outstanding amount of INR 1.36 Millions (\$1 March, 2024 INR 1.92 millions) from bank repayable in 22 monthly EMI of INR 0.06 millions each

Outstanding amount of INR 0.55 Millions (31 March, 2024 INR 0.80 millions) from bank repayable in 24 monthly EMI of INR 0.03 millions each Outstanding amount of INR 4.32 Millions (31 March, 2024 INR NII millions) from bank repayable in 57 monthly EMI of INR 0.10 millions each Outstanding amount of INR 4.72 Millions (31 March, 2024 INR Nil millions) from bank repayable in 56 monthly EMI of INR 0.11 millions each

Cash Credit from Punjab National Bank(PNB) at interest rate of 8.75% to 9.73% - (i) Hypothecation by way of charge created against land and building of factory. situated at Khatauni No.31/31,152/154, khasra no. 923/56 (10-18), 924/56/4-6), 874/49/1(0-2) village katha baddi District Solsn Himschal Pradesh, (II) frypotheration on all prosent and future current assets of the company (including entire stocks and book debts) and movable assets forming part of fixed assets/block assets, machines etc. current assets of the company under multiple banking arrangment with Punjab National Bank, Yas Bank, Stored or to be stoced at the company's godown or premises or whorever else the same may be (ii) Company's immovable property te property bearing no. A.74 strasted at Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-2, New Delhi together with all Cash Credit from Standard Chartered Bank(SCB) at interest rate of 8.35% to 9.90%.-i) Hypothrection by way of First Part Passu charge over all present and future and [III] Land in the name of director Sh Sanjay Gupta situated at Mauza - Sulatripur, Tehsil , District Sonepat along with personal guarantee of Directors. buildings and structures therein along with personal guarantee of Directors. b. CURRENTBORROWING

9

The company has been sanctioned working capital limits, from banks or financial institutions on the basts of security of current assets during any point of time of the year. The quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks or financial institutions and the reconciliation as per return filed and unaudited books of accounts is stated below.

Current assets of the Borrower (both present and future), (ii) and exclusive charge by way of hypothecation on plant and Machinery (New Plant at Baddi, HP Only) of the Borrower (Both present and Future) and (iii) Mortgage created on building measuring areas 10 Bighas 10 Bighas beauing Khewat/Khatuni no. 59/102 and khasta No. 78/2,

kita-(1), hadbast no 197, situated in the revenue village-Damowala, tehall-Baddi, Disrrict Solan, Himachal Pradesh

c. Company has borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

Cash Credit and Dealer Financing from Yes Bank Limited at interest rate of 8.75% to 10.50% (1) Secured by Furit Pari Passu Charge by way of Hypothecation on

As at March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated) Trade Receivables As at March 31, 2024 Inventories 55.29 Trade Receivables inventories As per books of accounts (March 31)

As per unaudited books of accounts (March 29) As per statement of current assets (March 29)

Excess/Shortages

486.90 488.41 (0.23) 375,29 346.87 317.08 Associates 6000 O Ma \$02.03 502.34 (0.31) 370.14 422.59 422.60 Note . The company had submitted the quarterly statements as on March 29 to the bank and hence the same has been disclosed here with

"Ped Account

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

17. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
and the state of t	(Amount in INR Millions, unle	ess other wise stated)
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Non Current (i) Financial Liabilities at amortised cost Security deposits payable	1.52	3.46
Total	1.52	3.46

18. TRADE PAYABLES			
(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise			
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Current			
Trade Payables to micro enterprises and small enterprises	2.31	-	
Trade Payables to other than micro and small enterprises	97.19	56.06	
Total	99.50	56.06	

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule: 2024-25

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	Total	
(i) MSME	2.31		2			2.31
(ii) Others	90.24	0.13	0.01	6.82		97.19
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME						- 1
(iv) Disputed dues - Others				191		

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule: 2023-24

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	Total	
(i) MSME				120		- 12
(ii) Others	49.19	0.03	6.79	0.05		56.06
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME			-			12
(iv) Disputed dues - Others			-			-



### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 19. OTHER LIABILITIES

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

7		( mount in this initial wind state)		
Particulars		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Current				
Advance received from Customers		3.68	4.84	
Statutory dues		3.36	3.47	
Creditor for capital expenditure		1.63	0.36	
Other payables		34.73	35.75	
	Total	43.40	44.42	

### 20. LEASE LIABILITIES

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

Amount

		(Amount in that Willions, diffess other wise state		
Particulars		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Non Current Lease Liabilities	Total	-		
Current Lease Liabilities		9	0.10	
	Total		0.10	

### i. Movement in lease liabilities

At March 31, 2023

Reconciliation of Fair Value: (Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated) **Particulars** 

At March 31, 2025	
Other Adjustment	-
Payment of lease liabilities	(0.10)
Finance cost accrued during the period	
Additions	
At March 31, 2024	0.10
Other Adjustment	
Payment of lease liabilities	(0.41)
Finance cost accrued during the period	0.02
Additions	2
The property of the second property of the se	0.32

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regards to its lease Liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet obligations to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

### ii. The details of the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Within one year		0.10	
One to five years More than five years		-	
	:*	0.10	

(iii) The effective interest rate for lease liabilities is 8% as on March 31, 2025 ( March 31, 2024 : 8%.)

(iv) The Company had total cash outflow for leases (including the short-term leases) for March 31, 2025: INR 0.10 Millions(March 31, 2024: INR 0.41 Millions)

Note - INR 0.00 denotes amount less than INR 5000.00

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise					
Particulars		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024		
Non Current  Provision for employee benefits  Gratuity (Refer Note 32)		8.07	5,99		
Leave encashment		0.15	0.07		
Current	Total	8.22	6.06		
Provision for employee benefits Gratuity (Refer Note 32)		1.61	2.14		
Leave encashment		0.05	0.04		
	Total	1.66	2.18		
Provision Movements	, «-	Gratuity	Compensated Absences		
As at March 31,2023		6.94	0.27		
Arising during the year		1.34	0.28		
Utilised		(0.49)	(0.11)		
Remeasurement gain/(Loss) on liability		0.34	(0.33)		
As at March 31,2024		8.13	0.11		
Arising during the year		1.58	1.00		
Utilised		(2.63)	(0.30)		

22.	CURRE	NTT	AX LI	ABILITY	(NET)

As at March 31,2025

Remeasurement gain/(Loss) on liability

		(Amount in INR Millions, u	inless other wise stated)
Particulars		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current tax payable for the year (net of advance tax/TDS & TCS)		0.81	1.42
	Total	0.81	1.42

2.59

9.68

(0.61)

0.20



### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 23. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated		
Particulars	2024-25	2023-2024	
Sale of Products	2,181.75	1,988.05	
	2,181.75	1,988.05	

### Critical Judgements in calculating amounts

The company has recognised revenue amounting to INR 2,181.75 millions for sale of product to customers during March 31, 2025 (March 31, 2024; INR 1,988.05 millions) not of variable consideration, if any (i) Disaggregated revenue information:

Particulars	2024-25	2023-2024 1,984.40 3.65	
Sale of products (transferred at a point of time) India Outside India	2,180.78 0.97		
Sale of service (transferred over period of time) India Outside India			

### (ii) Contract balances:

Particulars	2024-25	2023-2024
Contract assets (Unbilled revenue)		
Contract liabilities (Advance from customers)	3.68	4.84

### For Trade receivable Refer note 9

Movement in contract liabilities during the year:

Particulars	2024-25	2023-2024
Contract Liabilities (Advance from customers):		
Opening Balance	4.84	4.56
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of	1	7.77
the year	(3.20)	(2.18)
Advance received during the year	2.04	1997
		2.46
Closing balance	3.68	4.84

(iii) Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price

Particulars	2024-25	2023-2024
Contracted price	2,194.29	2,006.88
Less : Adjustments (if any)		
Less : Rebates & Discount	(12.54)	(13.83)
Total Revenue as per statement of profit and loss	2,181.75	1,988,05

### 24. OTHER INCOME

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated) **Particulars** 2024-25 2023-24 Interest income on Bank fixed deposits 5.29 9.00 Fair value income on security deposit (lease) 0.00 0.01 Others 1.91 0.29 Other Non Operating Income Miscellaneous Inco 0.08 0.14 Credit Balance Written Back 0.65 0.89 Profit on sale of Fixed assets 0.39 0.68 8.32

### 25. COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

Par

[Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise sta		
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
As at beginning of the year Add : Purchases for the year Less : As at end of the year	108.09 1,756.97 (126.17)	96.37 1,579.03 (108.09)
	1,738.89	1,567.31

26. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK-IN-PROGRESS AND STOCK-IN-TRADE

rticulars	2024-25	2023-24
Inventories as at the beginning of the year		
Work-In-process	57.03	48.35
Finished goods	163.08	147,40
Total	220.11	195.76
Less : Inventories as at the end of the year		
Work + in - process	29.93	57.03
Finished goods	208.08	163.08
Stock In Transit		
Total	238.00	220.11
Net decrease / (Increase) in inventories	(17.89)	(24.35)

Sted Acco

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 27. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

	Amount in INR Million	[Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated	
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24	
Salaries, wages and bonus * Contribution to provident and other funds	117.48 4.31	110.47 4.19	
Staff welfare expenses	3.97	4.68	
Gratuity Expense	1.56	1.34	
	127.32	120 69	

<sup>\*</sup> Include Director's Remuneration of Rs.13.80 millions (Previous Year Rs.15.15 millions)

_	_	_		_	_
20	STIES.	FX.4	1000	co	000

	[Amount in INR Million	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)		
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24		
Interest expense on barrowings	27.71	41.97		
Interest on Lease liability	0.00	0.02		
Other borrowing costs	1.48	1.29		
5.50.505 E30000000 A4003	29.19	43.28		

### 29. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Depreciation on tangible assets Amortisation on intangible assets Depreciation on right -of- use assets	18.45 0.35 0.08	13.90 0.36 0.37
	18.88	14.63

### 30. OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated) 2024-25 2023-24

	202723	2025-24
Commission & incentive on sale expense	37.13	34.28
Man Power expense	37.19	30.19
Printing and Stationery expense	0.72	0.82
Advertisement expenses	11.90	16.13
Bad Debts Written off	1.65	1.24
Freight, Handing and Octroi	48.95	47.07
Telephone expense	1.02	0.89
Travelling & Conveyance	19.03	22.17
Office Expenses	3.44	2.45
Postage Stamp & Courier expense	0.73	0.69
Computer expense	1.60	1.28
Director sitting fees	0.22	0.24
Packing Material expense	1.02	1.87
Vehicle Running & Maintainanace	2.56	2.93
Electricity & water expense	17.52	16.68
Fees & Tax expense	2.27	2,47
Insurance expense	2.85	1.65
Legal and Professional expense	11.76	4.15
Rent expense *	9.75	7.24
Auditors Remuneration (Refer note (a) below)	1.11	1.09
Sales & Business Promotion expense	13.24	14.29
Repair & maintenance - Building	1.42	1.46
Repair & maintenance - Machinery	1.56	1,23
Repair & maintenance - Others	7,70	5.66
Others Misc. expense	6.12	5.36
Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	5,43	-
Corporate Social Responsibility expense	1.65	1.73
tal	254.54	225.28

<sup>\*</sup> It includes emount of short term leases and low value lease assets

[a] Details of Payments to auditors

[Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

Goel &

ered Acco

2024-25	2023-24
	39 Miller 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 11
0.63	0.60
0.43	0.40
0.01	0.07
0.04	0.03
1.11	1.09
	0.63 0.43 0.01 0.04

<sup>\*\*</sup>it exclude remuneration amounting to Rs.Nil (31st march 2024; Rs.C.50 millions) paid to the statutory auditors of the company for services in connection with intial public offer of equity shares of the company which are accounted in the 'securities premium Account'

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

31. EARNINGS PER SHARE	Action Control of	ACT OF THE PARTY	
(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise s			
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
(a) Basic earnings per share			
Basic earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company	0.66	1.00	
Total basic earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company	0.66	1.00	
(b) Dilluted earnings per share			
Dilluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company	0.66	1.00	
Total dilluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company	0.66	1.00	
(c ) Par value per share	10.00	10.00	
(d) Reconciliations of earnings used in calculating earnings per share  Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the company used in calculating basic earnings per share	28.84	36.77	
	28.84	36.77	
Dilluted earnings per share			
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the company used in calculating dilluted earnings per share	- 11		
	28.84	36.77	
	28.84	36.77	
(e) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator			
Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	4,37,52,078	3,68,63,470	
Adjustments for calculation of dilluted earnings per share:		-	
Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating dilluted earnings per share	4,37,52,078	3,68,63,470	



### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 32. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

To a Property of the Control of the				(Amount	in INR Millions, unless	other wise stated
Particulars		March 31, 2025			March 31, 2024	
	Current	Non Current	Total	Current	Non Current	Total
Leave obligations	0.05	0.15	0.20	0.04	0.07	0.11
Gratuity	1.61	8.07	9.68	2.14	5.99	8.13
Total Employee Benefit Obligation	1.66	8.22	9.88	2.18	6.06	8.24

### (i) Leave Obligations

The leave obligations cover the company's liability for sick and earned leave,

### (47)

(ii) Post Employement obligations a) Gratuity

The company provides for gratuity for employees in india as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of five years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/ termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied by number of years of service.

The gratuity plan is a unfunded plan and the company makes contributions to recognised funds in India. The company does not fully fund the liability and maintains a target level of funding to be maintained over a period of time based on estimations of expected gratuity payments.

The amount recognised in the balance sheet and the movement in the net defined benefit obligation over the period are as follows

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

Fair value of plan Particulars Present value of Net amount obligation assets As at March 31, 2023 6.94 6.94 Current service cost 0.87 0.87 Interest expense/(income) 0.47 0.47 Total amount recognised in profit or loss 8.28 8.28 Remeasurements Retrun of plan assets, excluding amount included in interest (income) (Gain)/Loss from change in demographic assumptions (Gain)/Loss from change in financial assumptions 0.14 0.14 Experience (gains)/losses 0.20 0.20 Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income 0.34 0.34 Contributions by Employer 0.49 0.49 Benefits Paid As at March 31, 2024 8.13 8.13 Current service cost 1.09 1.09 Past Service Cost- (non vested benefits) Past Service Cost -(vested benefits) Interest expense/(income) 0.49 0.49 Total amount recognised in profit or loss 9.72 9.72 Remeasurements Retrun of plan assets, excluding amount included in interest (income) (Gain)/Loss from change in demographic assumptions (Gain)/Loss from change in financial assumptions 0.31 0.31 Experience (gains)/losses 2.28 2.28 Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income 2.59 2.59 Contributions by Employer 2.63 2.63 Contributions by Employee Benefits Paid As at March 31, 2025 9.68 9.68

Pered Acci

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

The net liability disclosed above relates to funded and unfunded plans are as follows:

	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)			
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024		
Present value of funded obligations Fair value of plan assets	9.68	8.13		
Liability recognised in Balance Sheet	9.68	8.13		

The significant actuarial assumptions were as follows:

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Mortality	IALM (2012-14) Ult.	IALM (2012-14) Ult
Discount rate	6.55%	6.97%
Expected return on plan assets	N.A.	N.A.
Salary growth rate	1.00%	1.00%
Expected Average remaining service	10.3	11.36
Retirement Age	60 Years	60 Years
Employee Attrition Rate	PS: 0 to 5 : 50%	PS: 0 to 5 : 50%
Access to the second se	PS: 5 to 47 : 0%	PS: 5 to 47 : 0%

Sensitivity Analysis

DR: Discount Rate ER: Salary Escalation Rate	
ER +1%	PVO ER -1%
	100,000,700,700
8.84	7.52
10.21	8.59
÷	ER +1% 8.84

**Effected Payout** 

Partiuciars	Expected Payout First	Expected Payout Second	Expected Payout Third	Expected payout Fourth	Expected payout Fifth	Expected payout Six to Ten years
March 31, 2024	2.15	0.36	0.12	0.51	0.27	1.85
March 31, 2025	1,61	0.42	0.78	0.74	0.36	3.72

**Asset Liability Comparisons** 

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

Year	31/03/2024	31/03/2025
PVO at end of period	8.13	9.68
Plan Assets		
Surplus/(Deficit)	8.13	9.58
Experience adjustments on plan assets		

The average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting period is 8.49 years (March 31, 2024) The average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting period is 8.51 years (March 31, 2025)



District	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wire stated)  (Amount in INR Millions, unless other wire stated)  (Amount in INR Millions, unless other wire stated)  (A 20 4.20 4.20 3.60 3.60 3.60 3.60 3.60 3.60 3.60 3.6	Comman Director Comman Director Remouse Property Comman Director Remouse Remou	Abhishek Cupta Alinya Gupta Alinya Gupta Ajay Batla Ajay Batla Ajay Batla Ajay Batla Ajay Batla Alinya Gupta Alinya Gupta Alinya Gupta Batlaya Gupta Asa Batla Ajay B
International India St. A. Rates (Stray) Discourance   Indiana of	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wire stated)	Comman Director Comman Director Remous Comman Director Remous Comman Director Remous Director Chinardan Director Company Secretay Chief Financial Officer Remous Chinardan Remousement Remous Chinardan Remousement Remous Chinardan Remousement Remous Chinardan Remousement Remous Remousement Remou	risk Cupta (Gupta (Gupt
International policy 2, 24, Related Party Dictionaria   House of Party D	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wire stated)	Comman Director Comman Director Remouse Representation Remousement	ek Gupta (Kepita (Kepi
The requirements of Ind-AC 24 - Related Party Discourses  It is expirements of Ind-AC 24 - Related Party Discourses  Relative of Related Party Discourses  Related Party Discourses  Relative of Related Party Discourses  Rel	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wire stated)	Comman Director Comman Director R Covered Director R Covered Director Director Director Director Director Director Director Remounded Officer Nature of Transaction Loan / Remounded Figurable Figure Figuration Figurable Loan / Remounded Figurable Figure Figuration Figurable Figure Figuration Figurable Figure Figuration Figurable Figure Figuration Figurable Remounded Figurable Figure Figurable Remounded F	ek Gupta Segita Segita Kegili Rame Supta Sk Gupta Sk Gupta Sk Gupta K Gupta Sk Gupta
Indias  Indias	(Amount in INS Millions, unless other wire stated)  (Amount in INS Millions, unless other wire stated)  (Amount in INS Millions, unless other wire stated)  (August 21, 2025  (August 21, 2026  (August 21, 2025  (August 21, 2026	Comman Director Comman Director R R R Director R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	k Gupta Supra Keeli Keeli Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Name
Intervention of and AS 24 - Related Party Disciousnes    Relationship	(Amnount in IMR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  27.14 42.76  89.14 20.00  4.48 20.03  7.01  4.20 4.20  4.20 3.60  3.00 3.00  3.00	Common Director Sole Common Director Rent Common Director Rent Director Rent Director Renumeration Director Renumeration Director Renumeration Director Renumeration Director Renumeration Company Severery Renumeration Company Severery Renumeration Company Severery Renumeration Renumeration Payable Loan / Renumeration Payable Benumeration Payable Benumeration Payable Renumeration Payable	K dupts (sight) (sight
DARTY TRANSACTIONS  PAIRTY TRANSACTIONS  Name of Related Party Disclosures  Name of Related Party Disclosures  Name of Related Party Disclosures  Related Pa	(Amount in INS Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  27.11 20.00  4.28 20.00  4.49 20.73  7.01 1.75  0.39 0.19  4.20 3.60  3.50 3.50 3.50  3.50 3.50  3	Common literator Sole Common literator Rent Common literator Rent Common literator Rent Common literator Director Renture existion Director Renture existion Director Renture existion Company Secretry Renture existion Director Renture existion Psychole From the existion Psychole Renture existing Psychole Ren	k dupts supta supta fis  Is  Is  Is  Is  Is  Is  Is  Is  Is
TED PARTY TRANSPORTIONS  Technical parties as per the requiremental and AVA A. Related Party Disclosures.  Nonce of Related Party  The Related Par	(Amount in INS Millions, unless other wise stated)  (Amount in INS Millions, unless other wise stated)  (Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)	Common literator Sole Common literator Rent Common literator Rent Common literator Common literator Director Sole and Renumeration Director Common literator Renumeration Renumeration Renumeration Psyable Forum eration Psyable	signta signta Signta Signta Signta Signta Standing balances payable to a Signta Name  Name  Koppia Koppia Signta S
TRE PARTY TRANSPORTED  PARTY TRANSPORT  Notice of  Notice of  Related Party  Rela	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  27.118 42.76  59.12 20.73  34.67 20.73  7.01 1.25  0.39 0.09  4.20 3.60  4.20 3.60  4.20 3.60  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  0.58 0.51  (Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  0.23 0.13  0.23 0.13  0.23 0.13  0.23 0.13  0.23 0.13  0.23 0.13  0.24 0.09  0.27 0.38	mueration Pa meration Pa meration Pa meration Pa meration Pa meration Pa meration Pa	k dupta supra supra Ksoill Is Is Name Nupta Koupta Jus
TRO DARTY TRANSPORTATIONS  Tributed parties as part the regulariment of and AS 24 - Related Party Discloures  Name of Habited Party  Balted Pa	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wire stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 7024  27.11 20.00  4.48 20.00  4.48 20.00  4.20 3.60  4.20 3.60  3.50 3.60  3.50 3.60  3.50 3.50  3	e of Transa museration museration for meration for meration for meration for	k dupta sigita Kesili Is Is Name Name Kupta Vupta Vupta
TRE DIAGNI TRANSACTIONS  TREATION TO TRANSACTIONS  TRANSAC	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 7024  27.11 20.00  4.48 20.00  4.48 20.00  4.20 3.60  4.20 3.60  3.60 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3	e of Transa mureration mureration muredon Fa	k dupta supra Kesill kesil kesil kanding balances payable to c tanding balances payable to c
TRED PLATENT TRANSPORTERS  TREATED AS PART IN TRANSPORTERS  Parties of Party  Radiance Party	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wite stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  27.11 42.76  59.11 20.00  4.48 20.00  4.20 1.55  7.01 1.55  7.01 1.55  7.01 2.57  9.30 3.60  3.60 3.60	re of Transal mureration	edupts supta Kepill selances payable to : Name Name
Tellated gardes as per the requirements of ind AS 24 - Related Party Discourses  Planter of Balance Party  Balance Balance Balance  Balance Balance Balance  Balance Balance  Balance Balance  Balance Balance  Balance Balance  Balance Balance  Balance Balance  Balance Balance  Balance Balance  Balance  Balance Balance  Balance Balance  Balance	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wibe stated)  (Amount in INR Millions, unless other wibe stated)  (Amount in INR Millions, unless other wire stated)	ee of Transa	edupts spita Kegil  a  tending balances payable to: Name
Tell DARTY TRANSPORTIONS  Tell and the requirements of Ind AC 24 - Related Party Dicioaures  Plante of Related Party  It Belletic Part It d.  The Related Party  The Related Party	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)		k Gupta Auguta Kegill In
TED PARTY TRANSPORDS  Televisid parties as part the requirements of ind-A5 24 - Related Barty Disclosures  Marine of Cupta Disclosures  Marine of Related Party  Indiana Disclosures  Marine of Related Party  Indiana Disclosures  Marine of Related Party  Indiana Disclosures  Mature of Related Party  Indiana Disclosures  Indi	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wibe stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  27.14 42.76  59.14 20.00  4.48 20.33  7.01 1.75  0.39 0.09  4.20 3.60  4.20 3.60  3.60 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00  3.00 3.00		(Cupta upta Kepil
TED PARTY TRANSPORTIONS  THAT TRANSPORTIONS  T	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 7024  27.11 A2.76  89.11 20.00  4.48 20.73  7.01 1.5  6.39 0.09  4.20 3.60  3.60 3.00  3.00  3.50 3.00  3.50 3.00  3.50 3.00  3.50 3.00		Gupta lpta kepil
DARRY TRANSACTIONS  PARTY TRANSACTIONS  Party Disclosures  Director  Party Disclosures  Party Disclosures  Party Disclosures  Party Disclosures  Director  Party Disclosures  Party Disc	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  27.14 42.76  89.14 20.00  4.48 20.73  7.01 1.75  0.19  4.20 0.19  4.20 3.60  3.60 3.60  3.00 3.00		Gupta
### PARK ENDED MARCH 31, 2025  ##################################	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  27.14 42.76  89.14 20.00  4.48 20.73  7.01 1.5  0.09  4.20 3.60  4.20 3.60  3.60  3.60  3.60		Gupta
AL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025.  CONTROL STATEMENT Disclosures  Wature of Transitionish Director  Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or significantly inflaenced by key management per Entrypise owned or	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  97.14 42.76  99.14 20.00  4.48 20.73  7.01 1.5  0.19  4.20 9.40  4.20 9.40  4.20 9.40		100
AL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025.  CTIONS  Wature of TRANSPORT TO Disclosures  Wature of TRANSPORT TO Director Dire	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  (March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 20.00 4.26 20.00 3.48 20.00 1.35 0.00 1.35		apta
ALL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025.  CTIONS  Mature of TRANSPORT MARCH 31, 2025.  Mature of TRANSPORT MARCH 31, 2025.  Mature of TRANSPORT MARCH 31, 2025.  Co. Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management p	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  97.14 42.76  9.14 20.00  4.48 20.73  7.01 1.75  0.09		wer & Infrastructure co.
VTRANSCRIOUS  VT	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  97.14 42.76  99.14 20.00  4.48 20.00  34.67 20.73  7.01 1.75  0.39 0.00		ver Solutions Put (1)
VTANASCRIOUS  VT	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  27.14 42.76  59.14 20.00  4.48 20.73		ech PVI (IIId
VTRANSACTIONS  VTRANS	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)  March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  27.13 42.76  59.14 20.00		ble Electric Pvt Etd
Sections  Pet the requirements of not AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures  Hat use of  Relationship  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Director  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Director  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Director  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per  Director	(Amount in INR Mallions, unless other wise stated) March 31, 2025 March 31, 7024 27.18 42.76		ech Pyt Ltd
Interview Park ENDED MARCH 31, 2025  The requirements of and AS 24 - Related Parky Disciosures  Heature of Related Parky Disciosures  Director  Director  Director  Director  Director  Director  Director  Director  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management personated of significantly influenced by key management personated personated of significantly influenced by key management personated or significantly influenced by key management personated personated by the significantly influenced by key management personated or significantly influenced by key management personated personated by the significantly influenced by key management personated personated by the significantly influenced by key management personated perso	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated) March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024	20	the Electric PVI (Ltd
Intervent FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025  The requirements of and AS 24 - Related Party Disciosures  Hatuse of Relationship  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable of significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantly influenced by key management per favorable owned or significantl	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)		
Intervent FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025  The requirements of and As 24 - Related Party Discioures  Halture of Related Party Discioures  Relationship  Director  Director  Director  Director  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management per force property owned or significantly influenced by key sengenent per force property owned or significantly influenced by key sengenent per force property of spirite owned or significantly influenced by key sengenent per force per forc			actions with related parties wing transactions occurred with
Interview FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025  ONS  The requirements of and A5 24 - Related Party Disclosures  Halters of Related Party Disclosures  The requirements of a Related Party Disclosures  Director  Director  Enterprise councies or significantly influenced by key management part interprise councies or significantly influenced by key management part interprise councies or significantly influenced by key management part interprise councies or significantly influenced by key management part interprise councies or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management part interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management interprise owned or significantly influenced by key management interprise owned or significantly influenced by key manag			٠
Intervent FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025  The requirements of Ind-AC24 - Related Party Disciosures  Hottus of Related Party Disciosures  Hottus of Director  Entry pière conned or significantly influenced by key management periodite conned or significantly influenced by key management per			Capil
In termination and As 24 - Related Party Disciosures  He requirements of and As 24 - Related Party Disciosures  Heature of Relationship  Director  Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by key management personated as significantly influenced by key management personated or		Enterprise granted or st	ec Private Limited
In termination of the YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025  The requirements of the AS 24 - Related Party Discioures  Heature of Relationship  Director  Dire		Enterprise owned or si	spects Umited res & Electricals Put 1rd
FINANCIAL STATEMENT HUK THE YEAK ENDED MARCH 31, 2025  REY TRANSACTIONS  FINANCIAL STATEMENT INDICATE AND DIRECTOR Relationship Director D		Enterprise gamed or st	com Private Limited
PRIVATE Co.  FINANCIAL STATEMENT HUK THE YEAK ENDED MARCH 31, 2025  REY TRANSACTIONS  FINANCIAL STATEMENT INDICATE AND DIRECTOR Relationship Director Direct		Enterprise awned or si	ver Solution Private Limited
RTY TRANSACTIONS  I Carries as per the requirements of ind AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures  Notes of Related Party Disclosures  Notes of Related Party Disclosures  Director		Pro	ver & infrastructure Co.
RTY TRANSACTIONS  Entrans of Party Disclosures  Name of Relation Party Disclosures  Name of Relationship Director		Enterpolice owned or si	ole Sectric Per Ud
RCH 31, 2025  Relationship  Director  Director			Gupta
RCH 31, 2025			pte
RCH 31, 2025			
RCH 31, 2025			Name of
		guiraments of Ind-A5 24 - Related Party Disciosures	firelated parties as per the req
	Step Steb Jaton reason 'communication transmission and		ATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS
TO TO CINIARITY OF STATEMARKS TO WITH CITEMARKS AND ALLESS AND ALL		TEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH	ES TO FINANCIAL STAT

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 34. SEGMENT REPORTING

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

The Company is exclusively engaged in the business of in manufacturing and trading of electrical wire and allied products. As per Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments" there are no reportable operating segment applicable to the company.

### Information about Geographical Areas:

### Revenue from External Customers

The major sales of the company are made to customer which are domiciled in India. The amount of its revenue from external customers broken down by location of the customers is shown in the table below:

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
India	2,180.78	1,984.40
Outside India	0.97	3.65
	2,181.75	1,988.05

### Revenue from Major Customers

Revenue from customers exceeding 10% of total revenue for the period March 31, 2025, March 31, 2024 is : Nil

### Non Current Assets

The non current assets of the company are located in india and hence no specific disclosures have been made.

### 35. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The company includes within debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, less cash and cash equivalent.

	(Amount in INR Millions, unl	ess other wise stated)
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Borrowings other than convertible preference shares Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	252.06 (0.28)	413.07 (296.77)
Net Debt	251,78	116.31
Convertible preference shares		
Equity Other Equity	437.52 784.54	437.52
Total Capital	1,222.06	757.65 1,195.18
Capital and net debt	1,473.84	1,311.49
Gearing ratio	0.17	0.09

### PLAZA WIRES LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### **36. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

i. Financial Instruments by Category	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated
m to the second	

Particulars	Carrying /	Amount	Fair Value	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Amortised cost				
Trade Receivables	621.54	597.52	621.54	597.52
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.28	296.77	0.28	296.77
Security Deposits	4.07	10.35	4.07	10.35
Other Bank Balances	0.52	39.43	0.52	39.43
Other Financial Assets	6.66	0.92	6.66	0.92
Total	633.07	944.99	633.07	944.99
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			30-3000	32225
Amortised cost				
Borrowings	252.07	413.07	252.07	413,07
Trade Payables	99.50	56.06	99.50	56.06
Lease Liabilities	= 1	0.10		0.10
Other Financial Liabilities	1.52	3.46	1.52	3.46
Total	353.09	472.69	353.09	472.69

The management assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalent, trade receivables, trade payables, and other current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values for security deposits and other financial assets were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the Fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counterparty credit risk.

The fair values of non current borrowings are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

### ii. Fair Value Hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognised and measure at fair value. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determing fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows below:

**Level 1** - Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including bonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.

Level 2 - The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over the counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3 - If one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity shares, contingent consideration and indemptification assets included in level 3.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's activity expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the impact of hedge accounting in the financial statements.

### (A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will not meet its obligations leading to a financial loss. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents carried at amortised cost and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers including

### i. Credit risk management

The company assesses and manages credit risk based on internal credit rating system. Internal credit rating is performed on a group basis for each class of financial instruments with different characteristics. The company assigns the credit ratings to each class of financial assets based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets:

The company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

### ii. Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Gross receivables	638.37	608.92
Less: Loss allowance based on expected credit loss model	16.83	11.40
Net receivables	621.54	597.52

### iii. Reconciliation of loss allowance provision - Trade receivables

	(Amount in Mk Millions, unless other wise st	
Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Loss allowance on March 31, 2024	11.40	11.88
Changes in loss allowance	5.43	(0.48)
Loss allowance on March 31, 2025	16.83	11.40

### Significant estimates and judgements Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets disclosed above are based on assumptions by management about risk of default and expected loss rates. The company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

### (B) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows.

### (i) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities :

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

Particulars	Carrying Value	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years
March 31, 2025			
Non-derivatives			
Borrowings Lease Liabilities	252.06	229.91	22.10
Trade payables	99.50		1
Other financial liabilities	1,52	99.50 -	1.5
Total non derivative liabilities	353.08	329.41	23.68
March 31, 2024			
Non-derivatives			
Borrowings	413.07	382.44	30.64
Lease Liabilities	0.10	0.10	30.0
Trade payables	56.06	56.06	J
Other financial liabilities	3,46	-	3.46
Total non derivative liabilities	472.69	438.60	34.09

### (C) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair volue of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of change in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk such as equity price risk and commodity risk.

### (i) Foreign currency risk

The company generally does not operate internationally and is not exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions.

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the company's functional currency (INA). The risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable foreign currency cash flows. The objective of the company is to minimise the volatility of the INR cash flows of highly probable forecast transactions.

### (iii) Interest rate risk

The company's main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the company to cash flow interest rate risk. During March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025 the company's borrowings at variable rate were denominated in INR.

### (a) Interest rate risk exposure

The exposure of the company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	(Amount in INR Millions, unle March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Variable rate borrowings Fixed rate borrowings	213.51 38.55	353,96 59,12
Total borrowings	252.06	413.08
% of borrowings at variable rate	84.71%	85.69%

### (b) Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates. Other components of equity change as a result of an increase/decrease in the fair value of the cash flow hedges related to borrowings.

	Amount in INR Millions,	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)	
Particulars	Impact on p	rofit before tax	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Total Interest expense on borrowing [in Millions]	27.71	41.97	
Interest rates - increase by 100 basis points (100 bps)* Interest rates - decrease by 100 basis points (100 bps)*	0.28 (0.28)	0.42 (0.42)	
et ou de la company de la comp			

<sup>\*</sup> holding all other variables constant

### (iii) Price risk

### (a) Exposure

Commodity price risk - The company is in the business of manufacturing cables and wires and will affected by the price volatility of mainly copper (metal) commodity. Its operating activities require the ongoing purchase and manufacture of finished goods - Cable and wires and therefore require a continuous supply of raw material - Copper. Due to the significantly increased volatility of the price of the copper, the company also entered into various daily purchase contracts in an active market.

The sensitivity analysis of the change in coppur price on the inventory as at year and, other factors remaining constant is given in table below:

### (b) Sensitivity

Commodity price sensitivity

Particulars		Effect on profit	and loss account
		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Copper- Raw Material Copper- Raw Material - Increase in sale price by 100 basis points Copper- Raw Material - Decrease in sala price by 100 basis points	613 GOOD S 75.50	0.73 (0.73)	1.00 (1.00)

Pred Acco

ביאי - כיי וווב ובאי בואטבט

(Amo	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)	ess other wise stated)
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006	2.31	
Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act, on the above amount	•	##
Payment made to suppliers ( other than interest ) beyond the appointed day, during the year		1
Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act, ( other than Section 16 )	*	16
Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act, (Section 16)	*	
Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act, for payment already made	t;	· ·
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006	t)	

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 39. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

A. Commitments

### i. Capital Commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Property, plant and equipment	68.25	79.87
Intangible assets		

### ii. Leases

Lease commitments are the future cash out flows from the lease contracts which are not recorded in the measurement of lease liabilities. These include potential future payments related to leases of low value assets, leases with term less than twelve months and variable leases.

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Not later than one year		0.10
Later than one year and not later than five years	390	*
Later than five years	-	2
		0.10

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

B. Contingent Liabilities	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
i. Claim against the company not acknowledged as debt		
ii. Guarantees excluding financial guarantees	2.39	5.59
iii. Other money for which the company is contingently liable *		5.55
iv. Disputed liability in respect of GST demand order **	96.64	

### Breif description of the nature of each contingent liability

\* The company's customers had availed channel financing facility from Adani Capital (lender) against which the company had provided guarantee.

\*\* The demand order dated 1st february 2025 amounting to Rs.115.10 millions passed by the Additional Commissioner, Shimla, Himachal Pradesh against which the company has filed an appeal on 24th April 2025 before Commissioner (Appeals) of CGST. The company has already made voluntory payment of GST of Rs.5 million and Rs.15 million on 10th September 2021 and 18 September 2023 respectively under section 74 through challan in Form DRC -03. In respect of this, future cash outflows are determinable only on receipt of judgements/ decision pending at various forums / authority. The Company does not expect the outcome of matters stated above to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial conditions, results of operations or cash flows.

C. Financial Guarantees		
	Nil	



### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated)

40. ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

The carrying amount of assets pledged as security for current and non current borrowings are

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
NON CURRENT ASSETS		
Freehold land	98.52	97.93
Freehold building	114.58	59.29
Capital work in Progress	- 1	28.30
Plants and machinery	195.45	60.61
Furniture, fittings and equipment	42.05	12.33
Vehicles	30.42	18.27
Computer	1.11	0.51
Solar Plant	6.61	6.94
	488.74	284.19
CURRENT ASSETS		
Trade receivables (Book debts)	621.54	597.52
Inventory (Stock)	370.14	335.29
	991.68	932.82
otal assets pledge as security	1,480.42	1,217.00

41. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

NIL



## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

## 42 RATIO AND ITS COMPONENTS"

22
Ci.
<b>F</b>
and to
0

229%	22.33%	73,56%	11 Return on investment 73.56% 22.33% 27	F
-22%	5.94%	4.64%	verous ou capital employed	
-29%	1.85%	1.32%	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
0000			Net Profit Ratio	φ
36%	2.11	2.87	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	×
-11%	19.63	17.39	Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	
1%	3.55	3.58	Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio*	10
0%	4,86	4.88	The Property Tornover Ratio	, 0
-44%	4.26%	2.39%	The second secon	1
28%	7.57	1.00	Bother on Fourty Batio	4
2000	1 22	1 69	Debt Service Coverage Ratio*	ω
40%	0.35	0.21	Debt- Equity Ratio	N
3%	2.94	3.03	curentiatio	,
% change from March 31, 2029 to March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	). Particulars	Sr No.

### Components of Ratio

Compo	components of Natio				≥	(Amount in INR Millions, unless other wise stated
Sr No.	Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	March 31, 2025	025	
				Numerator	Denominator	inator Numerator
Þ	Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1,135.56		375.26
2	Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debts (includin Government Grants)	(Including Total Equity (Equity Share capital + Other equity-Revaluation Reserve-Capital Redepmtion Reserve)	252.06	1,2	1,222.06
w	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash Finance Cost+ Lease operating Repayment +Principle expenses (i.e. depreciation and Repayment of Long term other amortizations + Interest) Borrowings during the Period	sh Finance Cost+ Lease Repayment +Principle Ind Repayment of Long term Borrowings during the Period /Years	76.91	45	45.58
4	Return on Equity Ratio	Net profit after tax - Exceptional Closing Total Equity items	al Closing Total Equity	28.84	120	1208,62
un	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of Goods Sold	Average Inventory (opening balance+ closing balance/2)	1721.00	35	352.71
6	Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivable (Opening balance + closing	2,181.75	60	609.53



balance /2)

559.43

n	Return on Investment	Interest Income on fixed deposits Fixed deposits with bank	s Fixed deposits with bank	
1		months of the policy	s Fixed deposits with bank	5.29 7.19
	Reasons for variance of more than 25% in above ratios	25% in above ratios		
62 - D	Sr No.	Particulars	March 31, 2025	
			11191C1 21, 2023	
ii.	1	Debt- Equity Ratio	Change occurred due to decrea year	Change occurred due to decrease in debt as compared to previous year
	ω	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Change due to decrease in debt and debt repayment.	and debt repayment.
	4	Return on Equity Ratio	Change due to decrease in profit as campared to previous year	as campared to previlous year
	00	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Change occured due to increase in turnover as compared to previous year.	in turnover as compared to
	æ	Net Profit Ratio	Change ocurred on account of lower profit in cur	wer profit in current year as compare
	11	Return on Investment	Return on Investment (ROI) is not ap not have any significant investment.	plicable sinc

10

00

Net Capital Turnover Ratio

Revenue from operations

Working capital (Current

balance /2)

asset - current liabilities)

2,181.75

760.29

1,988.05

944.10

28.84

2181.75

36.77

1988.05

other income

Trade Payable Turnover Ratio

Purchase of stock in trade

Average trade

payable

(Opening balance + closing

1,756.97

101.02

1,579.03

80.45

ø

Net Profit Ratio

Return on Capital Employed

Exceptional item - other income

Profit Before interest, Tax & Equity Share capital + Other

other income

equity-Revaluation Reserve-

Capital Redepmtion Reserve

Total Debts (Including

68.33

1,474.13

95.51

1,608.25

40.29

Net profit after tax - Exceptional Revenue from operations +

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

### 43 OTHER STATUTORY DISCLOURES "

- (i). The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (ii). The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during reporting periods.
- (iii). The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(les), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (iv). The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- (v). The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)
- (vi). The Company does not have any borrowings from banks and financial institutions that are used for any other purpose other than the specific purpose for which it was taken at the reporting balance sheet date.
- (vii). The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (viii). The Company is not declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender during the any reporting period.
- (ix). The Company shall disclose as to whether the fair value of investment property (as measured for disclosure purposes in the financial statements) is based on the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017. Since, the Company does not have any investment property during any reporting period, the said disclosure is not applicable.
- (x). Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 companies are required to disclose grants or donations received during the year. Since, the Company is not covered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013, the said disclosure is not applicable.
- (xi). There are no scheme of arrangements which have been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the reporting periods.
- (xii). During the reporting periods, the Company does not have any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and related parties as per the definition of Companies Act, 2013.
- (xiii). The Company has not identified any transactions or balances in any reporting periods with companies whose name is struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- (ix) The company has no unrecorded transactions in books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)
- (xv) There are no charge or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period by the company as at the reporting periods.
- 44. The company received an amount of Rs. 712.81 millions via fresh issue of 13200158 equity shares of face value Rs.10/-each at an issue price of Rs.54/- per share through Initial Public Offering (IPO). The company's equity shares were listed on the National Stock exchange(NSE) and BSE limited (BSE) on October 12,2023. The utilisation of the net IPO proceed is summarised below:

	(Amount in INR Millions, unles	s other wise state
Objects of the issue as per Prospectus	Amount to be utilised as per Prospectus	Utilisation upto March 31, 2025
Capital Expenditure to be incurred for setting up the manufacturing unit	244,13	245.50
Working Capital expenditure	220.00	220.00
General Corporate Purpose	146.03	146.03
Issue Expenses	102.65	101.28
Net proceed	712.81	712.81

<sup>\*</sup> The entire proceed IPO amount has been fully utilized as on March 31,2025

### 45 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) "

As per section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the following year wise amount was utilized as financial contribution towards CSR Activities

	(Amount in INR Millions	, unless other wise stated)
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	1.65	1.73
(b) Amount incurred during the year on:		
Ongoing Projects		
(i) Skill Devolpment traning programme and providing clean water, Devlop Communities &		
save Mother and Childern	1.65	1.73
Other than Ongoing Projects	1.00	-44
(i) Healthcare		
(ii) Education		
Total	1.65	1.73
(c) Total of previous years shortfall		
(d) Shortfall/ (Excess) at the end of year	-	
(e) Reason of Shortfall	-	
STOR ACCOUNT	***	

46. The Income-Tax outhorities ("the department") had conducted search activity during the month of September 2024 at some of the premises of the Company. The Company extended full cooperation to the Income-tax officials during the search and provided required details, clarifications and documents. As on the date of issuance of these financial statements, the Company has not received any written communication from the department regarding the autcome of the search, therefore, the consequent impact on the financial statements, if any, is not ascertainable. The Management, ofter considering all available records and facts known to it, is of the view that there is no material adverse impact on the financial position of the Company and no material adjustments are required to these financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2025 in this regard.

47. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled. The Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions. Further more, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention, where such feature is enabled.

48. The company has filed court cases during the current financial year under negotiable instruments act to recover INR 1.32 millions (Previous Year March 31, 2024 : (NR 2.22 millions) and they are considered good and recoverable. The court cases pending at the end of the year March 31,2025 is INR. 10.01 millions (March 31,2024 :- INR 8.10 millions) and they are considered good and recoverable.

49. Previous Year Figures have been regrouped / rearranged , wherever considered necessary to conform to current years classification.

Significant Accounting Policies and Notes on Accounts form an integral part of the Financial Information.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

Shailendra Goel & Associates **Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.:-013670N

Shailendra Goel

Partner

Member ship No.09286

UDIN:

Place:-Delhi

Date:-30th May 2025

For and on behalf of the board

SANIAY GUPTA Managing Director DIN:-00202273

AJAY BATLA Chief Financial Officer ABHISHEK GUPTA Wholetime Director DIN:-06486995

BHAVIKA KAPIL Company Secretary